

SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY

An Autonomous Institution

Accredited by NBA – AICTE and Accredited by NAAC – UGC with 'A' Grade
Approved by AICTE, New Delhi & Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai



Department of Computer Science and Engineering

Course Code & Title : 23AD0201 - Data Science Fundamentals

III YEAR / VI SEMESTER - EEE

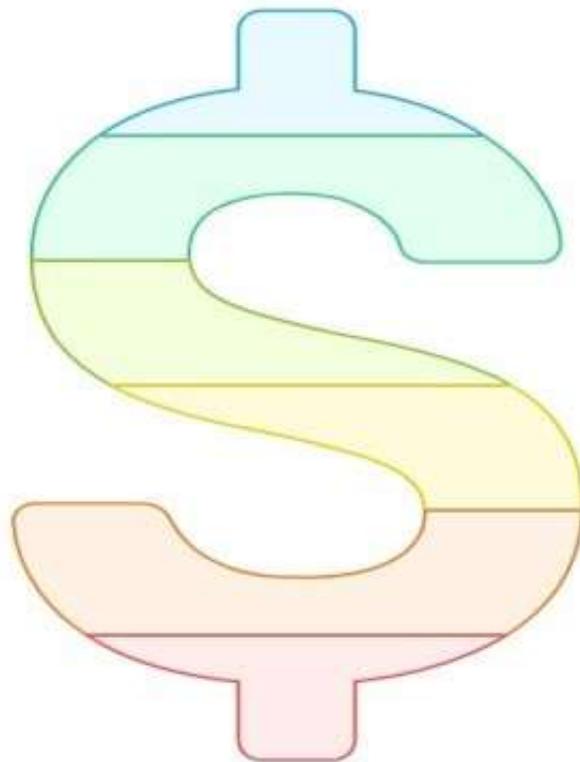
Unit 2 - DESCRIPTIVE ANALYTICS

Topic : Normal distributions

Mr.K.Karthikeyan AP /CSE

Empathy - A Comprehensive Overview Normal Distributions

Comprehensive Overview of Normal Distributions



Definition

A continuous probability distribution characterized by its symmetrical bell shape



Properties

Key characteristics including mean, median, mode, and standard deviation



Characteristics

Features like symmetry, unimodality, and asymptotic tails



Applications

Real-world uses in various fields like science, engineering, and finance



Examples

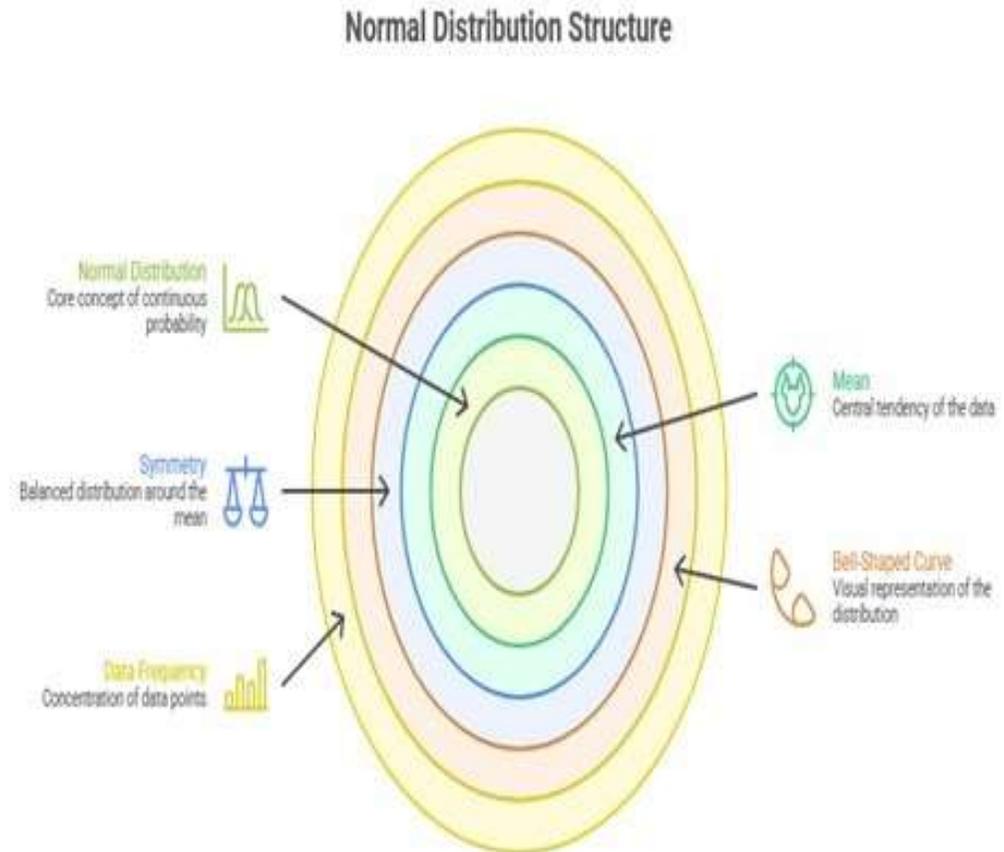
Practical illustrations of normal distributions in action



Considerations

Important factors to keep in mind when working with normal distributions

- A **normal distribution**, also known as a Gaussian distribution, is a continuous probability distribution that is symmetrical around its mean.
- It is characterized by its bell-shaped curve, where the majority of the data points cluster around the mean, and the frequency of data points decreases as you move away from the mean in either direction.



Key Properties of Normal Distributions



Symmetry

Perfectly balanced around the mean



Mean, Median, Mode

All equal and at the center



Unimodal

Single peak at the mean



Asymptotic

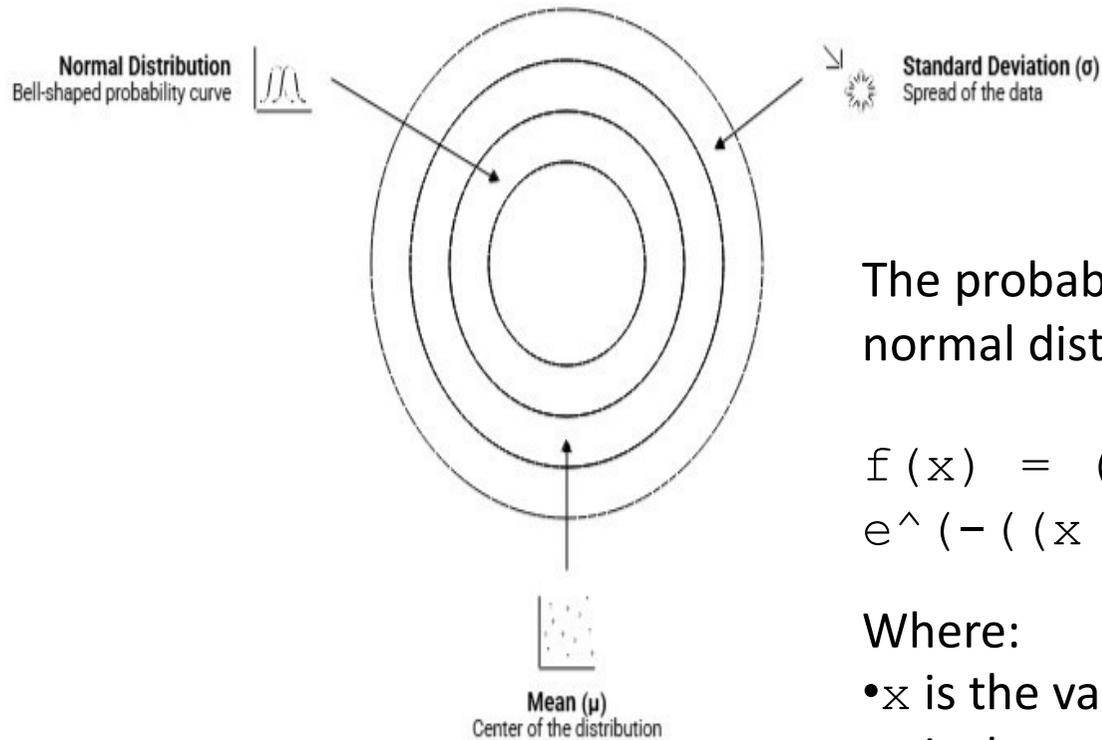
Tails extend infinitely without touching the axis



Area Under the Curve

Total area equals 1, representing total probability

Normal Distribution Parameters



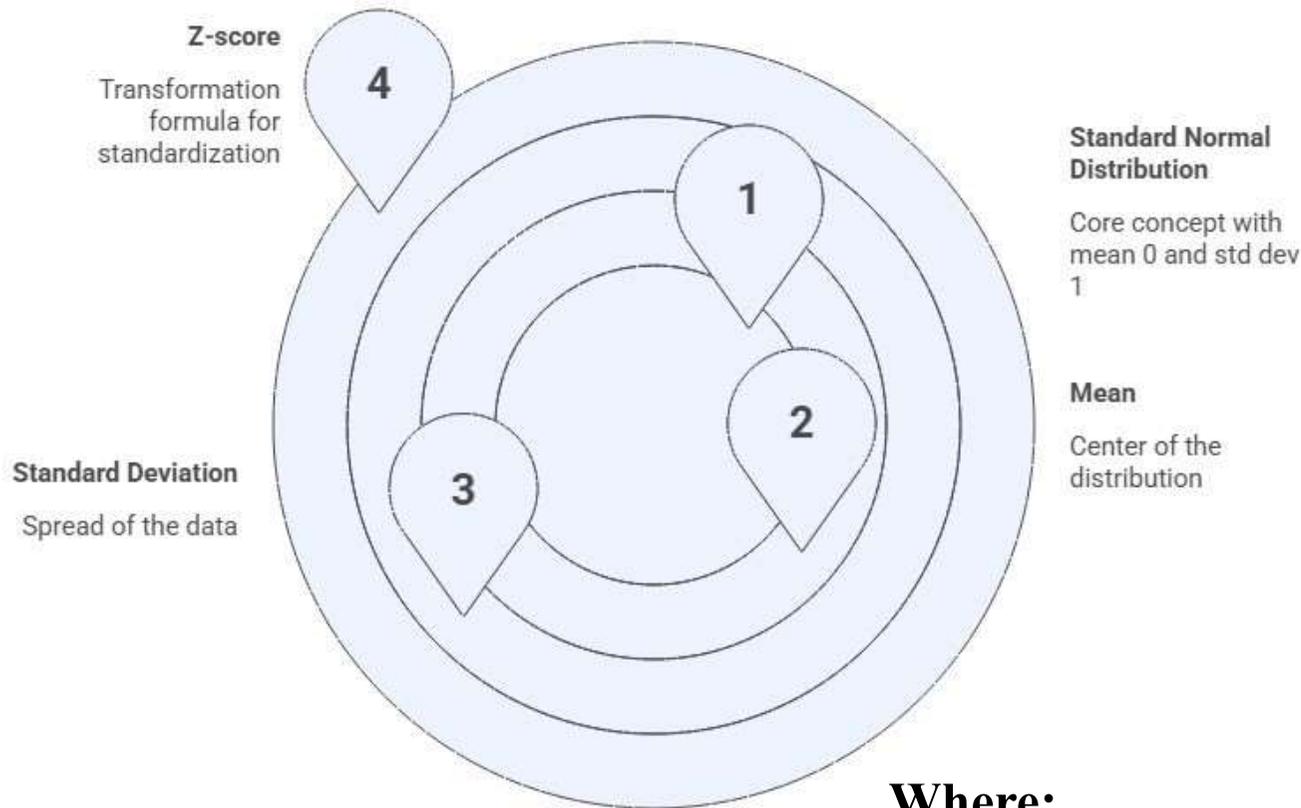
The probability density function (PDF) of a normal distribution is given by:

$$f(x) = \left(\frac{1}{\sigma \cdot \sqrt{2\pi}} \right) \cdot e^{-\left(\frac{(x - \mu)^2}{2\sigma^2} \right)}$$

Where:

- x is the value of the variable
- μ is the mean
- σ is the standard deviation
- π is approximately 3.14159
- e is approximately 2.71828

Standard Normal Distribution



Standard Normal Distribution

$$z = (x - \mu) / \sigma$$

Where:

- z is the z-score (number of standard deviations from the mean)
- x is the value of the variable
- μ is the mean
- σ is the standard deviation

 **Fun Activity**

68–95–99.7 Rule Challenge 

Time: 10 mins

Mode: Groups

Steps:

Draw a bell curve on the board.

Mark μ (mean).

Ask students to shade:

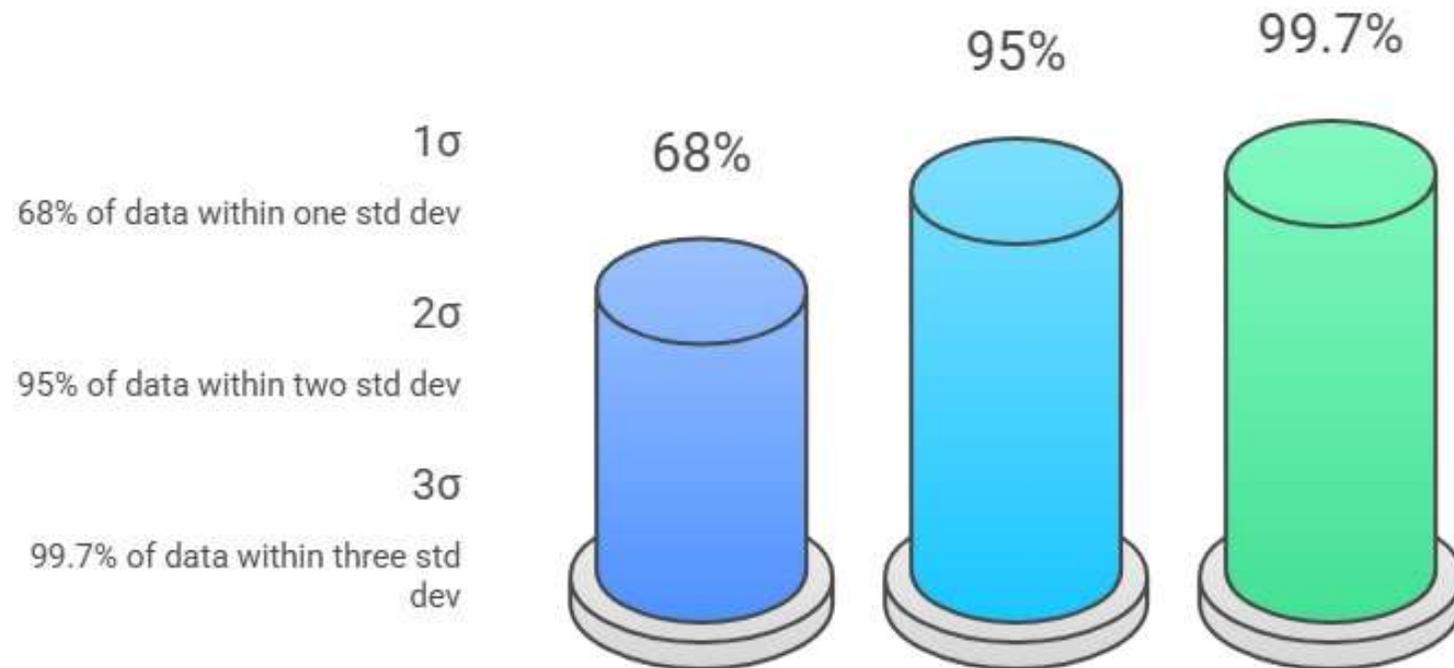
$$1\sigma \rightarrow 68\%$$

$$2\sigma \rightarrow 95\%$$

$$3\sigma \rightarrow 99.7\%$$

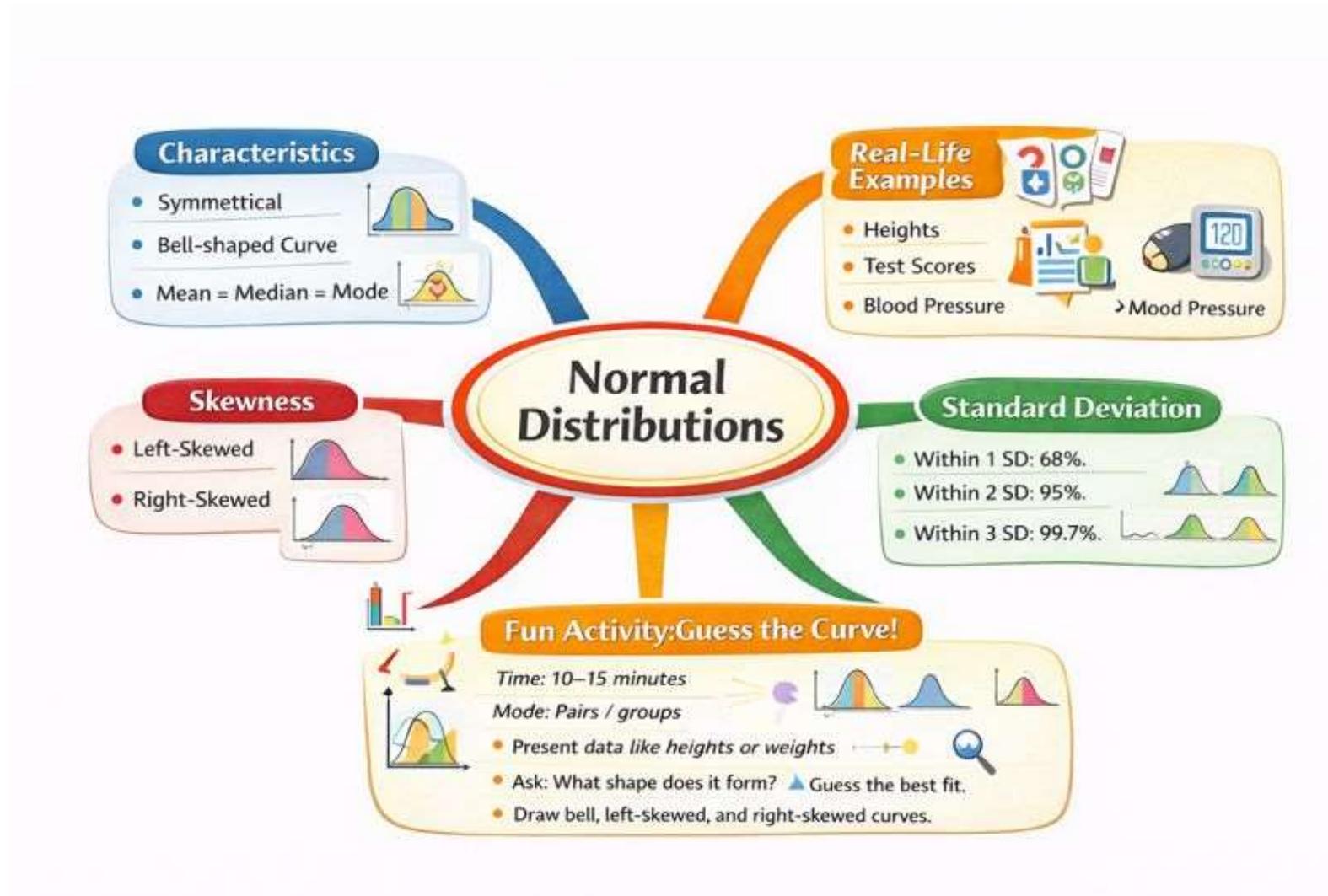
Give quick MCQs based on the rule.

Empirical Rule for Normal Distributions



Made with  Napkin

MIND MAP



ASSESSMENT

NORMAL DISTRIBUTIONS – MCQs

1. Basics of Normal Distribution

1. A normal distribution is also known as:

- A. Uniform distribution
- B. Skewed distribution
- C. Bell-shaped distribution
- D. Random distribution

Answer: C

2. In a perfectly normal distribution:

- A. Mean > Median > Mode
- B. Mean < Median < Mode
- C. Mean = Median = Mode
- D. Mean \neq Median \neq Mode

Answer: C

REFERENCE BOOKS

1.Allen B. Downey, “Think Stats: Exploratory Data Analysis in Python”, Green Tea Press, 2014.

2.Sanjeev J. Wagh, Manisha S. Bhende, Anuradha D. Thakare, “Fundamentals of Data Science”, CRC Press, 2022.

3.Chirag Shah, “A Hands-On Introduction to Data Science”, Cambridge University Press, 2020.

4.Vineet Raina, Srinath Krishnamurthy, “Building an Effective Data Science Practice: A Framework to Bootstrap and Manage a Successful Data Science Practice”, A press, 2021.

