L-10 Respiration in Organisms

Q.1	Fill in the blanks :			
1.	The process of breaking down of food in the cell with the release of energy is called respiration. (Cellular / Anaerobic)			
2.	The taking in of air rich in exygen into the body is called (Inhalation / Exhalation).			
3.	The openings in a cockroach's body through which it takes in air in its body for respiration are called (Nostrils / Spiracles)			
4.	The large muscular sheet which forms the floor of the chest cavity is call (Diaphragm / Lungs).			
5.	The number of times a person breathes in a minute is termed as the rate. (Breathing / Running)			
Q.2 1. Ans.	Correct the following statements by replacing the highlighted word : Lungs are located in the <u>buccal</u> cavity : (Chest / Nasal)			
2.	The type of respiration in which food is broken down without the use of oxygen is called <u>aerobic</u> respiration. (Cellular / Anaerobic)			
Ans. 3. Ans.	Humans are anaerobes. (Yeast / Dogs)			
4. Ans.	Yeast respires anaerobically and yields <u>water</u> . (Fruit Juice / Alcohol)			
5.	When we feel drowsy, our breathing rate <u>increases</u> . (Remains same / Slows Down)			
Ans.				

Q.3. Match the following:

Column I

Column II

- 1. Glucose (with oxygen) → a
- 21% Oxygen, 0.04% Carbon Dioxide
- 2. Glucose (Without Oxygen) \rightarrow b.
- 16.4% Oxygen, 4.4% Carbon Dioxide
- 3. Glucose in muscles (In the
- Carbon Dioxide + water + energy
- absence of oxygen) →
- 4. Inhaled air

- d. Carbon Dioxide + Alcohol + Energy
- 5. Exhaled air e. Lactic acid + Energy

C.

Answer:

1.	
2.	
3.	
4.	
5.	

Q.4 Complete the table :

How do they breathe?

- 1. Earthworm
- 2. Cockroach
- 3. Frog
- 4. Leaves
- 5. Fish
- 6. Humans

Help Box

Skin	Lungs, Skin	Stomata	
Teachea	Gills	Lungs	