GE8071- DISASTER MANAGEMENT

DISASTER MANAGEMENT ACT AND POLICY

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DISASTER MANAGEMENT ACT AND POLICY

DDMA

DISTRICT DISASTER COMMITTEE

- Head Local Administration
- Representatives of Police
- Representatives of Fire services
- Representatives of CATS
- Representatives of Corporate body
- Representatives of Voluntary organization
- Representatives of Media
- Hospital representatives.
- Army should be called into action as and when required
NATIONAL AUTHORITY

The Act calls for the establishment of National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA), with the Prime Minister of India as chairperson. The NDMA may have no more than nine members including a Vice-Chairperson. The tenure of the members of the NDMA shall be five years.

The NDMA which was initially established on 30 May 2005 by an executive order, was constituted under Section-3(1) of the Disaster Management Act, on 27 September 2006.
- The NDMA is responsible for "laying down the policies, plans and guidelines for disaster management" and to ensure "timely and effective response to disaster".

- Under section 6 of the Act it is responsible for laying "down guidelines to be followed by the State Authorities in drawing up the State Plans".
STATE DISASTER MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

- All State Governments are mandated under Section 14 of the act to establish a State Disaster Management Authority (SDMA).

- The SDMA consists of the Chief Minister of the State, who is the Chairperson, and no more than eight members appointed by the Chief Minister.

- State Executive Committee is responsible (Section 22) for drawing up the state disaster management plan, and implementing the National Plan.
DISTRICT DISASTER MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

☑ The Chairperson of District Disaster Management Authority (DDMA) will be the Collector or District Magistrate or Deputy Commissioner of the district.

☑ The elected representative of the area is member of the DDMA as an *ex officio* co-Chairperson, (Section 25)
NATIONAL DISASTER RESPONSE FORCE (NDRF)

- The Section 44–45 of the Act provides for constituting a National Disaster Response Force "for the purpose of specialist response to a threatening disaster situation or disaster" under a Director General to be appointed by the Central Government.

- Recently in September 2014 Kashmir-floods NDRF along with the armed forces played a vital role in rescuing the locals and tourists, for which NDRF was awarded by the government of India.
Queensland disaster management arrangements
District Disaster Management Plans

AIDMI’s national campaign on local Disaster Management Planning (including city and department DM plans) reached out to 53 districts; 14 cities and 15 departments; in 2016-2017.

Preparation and revision of Muzaffarpur, Sheohar, Sitamarhi, East Champaran and West Champaran District Disaster Management Plans.

Review and Revised Disaster Management Plans of 13 District, 11 Cities, and 15 Departments.