





# SNS COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

Kurumbapalayam(Po), Coimbatore - 641 107 Accredited by NAAC-UGC with 'A' Grade Approved by AICTE, Recognized by UGC & Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai

## Department of AI & DS

**Course Name –19AD505-Internet of Things & AI** 

**V** Semester

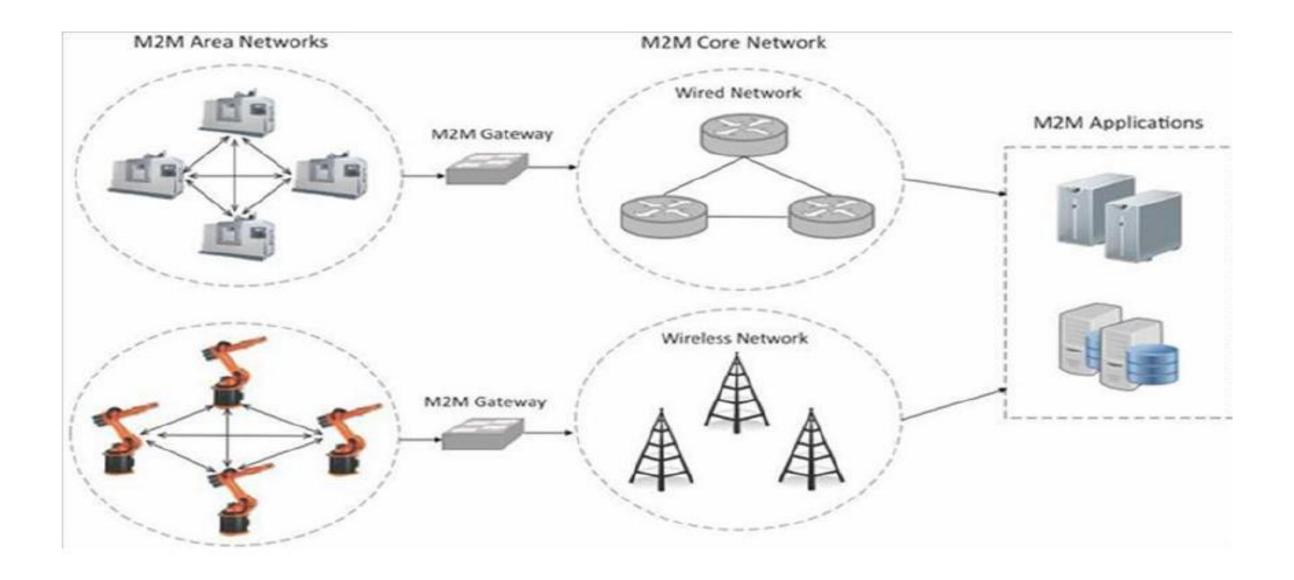
**Unit 1 – IoT INTRODUCTION AND APPLICATIONS** 

**Topic 9- IoT and M2M** 





- INSTITUTIONS
- ☐ Machine-to-Machine (M2M) refers to networking of machines (or devices)
- ☐ The purpose of remote monitoring and control and data exchange.
- ☐ Network: wired /wireless







#### M2M area network

 will be a local area network it send data to M2Mcore area network(remote network) via M2M gate way

 An M2M area network – has machines (or M2M nodes) which have embedded hardware modules for sensing, actuation and communication.

 Various communication protocols can be used for M2M local area networks such as ZigBee, Bluetooh, ModBus, M-Bus, Wirless M-Bus, Power Line Communication (PLC), 6LoWPAN, IEEE 802.15.4, etc.





#### **M2M Core network**

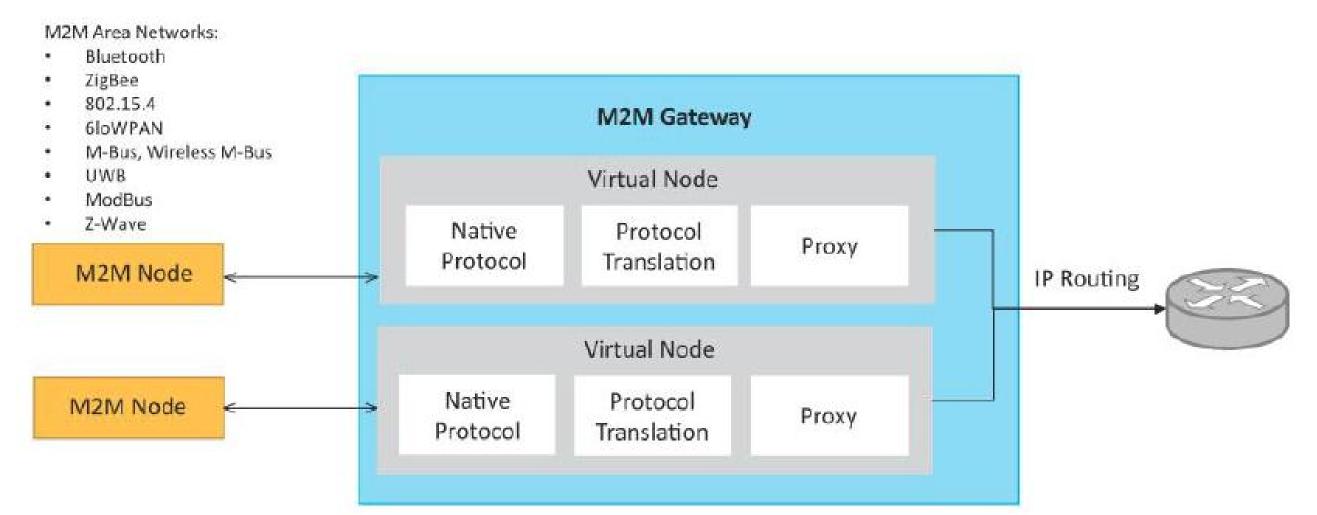
- remote network it can be wired or wireless .from M2M core network data will be send to M2M application
- The core area network can use either wired or wireless networks (IPbased).
- While the M2M area networks use either proprietary or non-IP based communication protocols, the communication network uses IP-based networks.





M2M gate way – it helps to communicate two networks which uses two different protocol .it data converts from one form to another

 Since non-IP based protocols are used within M2M area networks, the M2M nodes within one network cannot communicate with nodes in an external network.







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Proprietary or non iP based	IP based
Homogeneous machine All machines are same type	Physical object that has unique id (not same type of object)
More on hardware	More on software
(data collected in one point all	Collected in the cloud (can be public ,private or hybrid cloud )
Diagnosis application, service management application, Enterprise application	Analytics application Remote diagnosis
	Homogeneous machine All machines are same type  More on hardware  Collected in point- solution (data collected in one point all time )and stored in same storage (local)  Diagnosis application,service management application,

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#### **Differences**

- Communication Protocol
- Machines in M2M vs Things in IoT
- Hardware vs Software Emphasis
- Data Collection & Analysis
- Applications





#### **Communication Protocols**

- M2M and IoT can differ in how the communication between the machines or devices happens.
- M2M uses either proprietary or non-IP based communication protocols for communication within the M2M area networks.

#### Machines in M2M vs Things in IoT

- The "Things" in IoT refers to physical objects that have unique identifiers and can sense and communicate with their external environment (and user applications) or their internal physical states.
- M2M systems, in contrast to IoT, typically have homogeneous machine types within an M2M area network.





#### **Hardware vs Software Emphasis**

- While the emphasis of M2M is more on hardware with embedded modules, the emphasis of IoT is more on software.
- Data Collection & Analysis
- M2M data is collected in point solutions and often in on-premises storage infrastructure.
- In contrast to M2M, the data in IoT is collected in the cloud (can be public, private or hybrid cloud).



# INSTITUTIONS

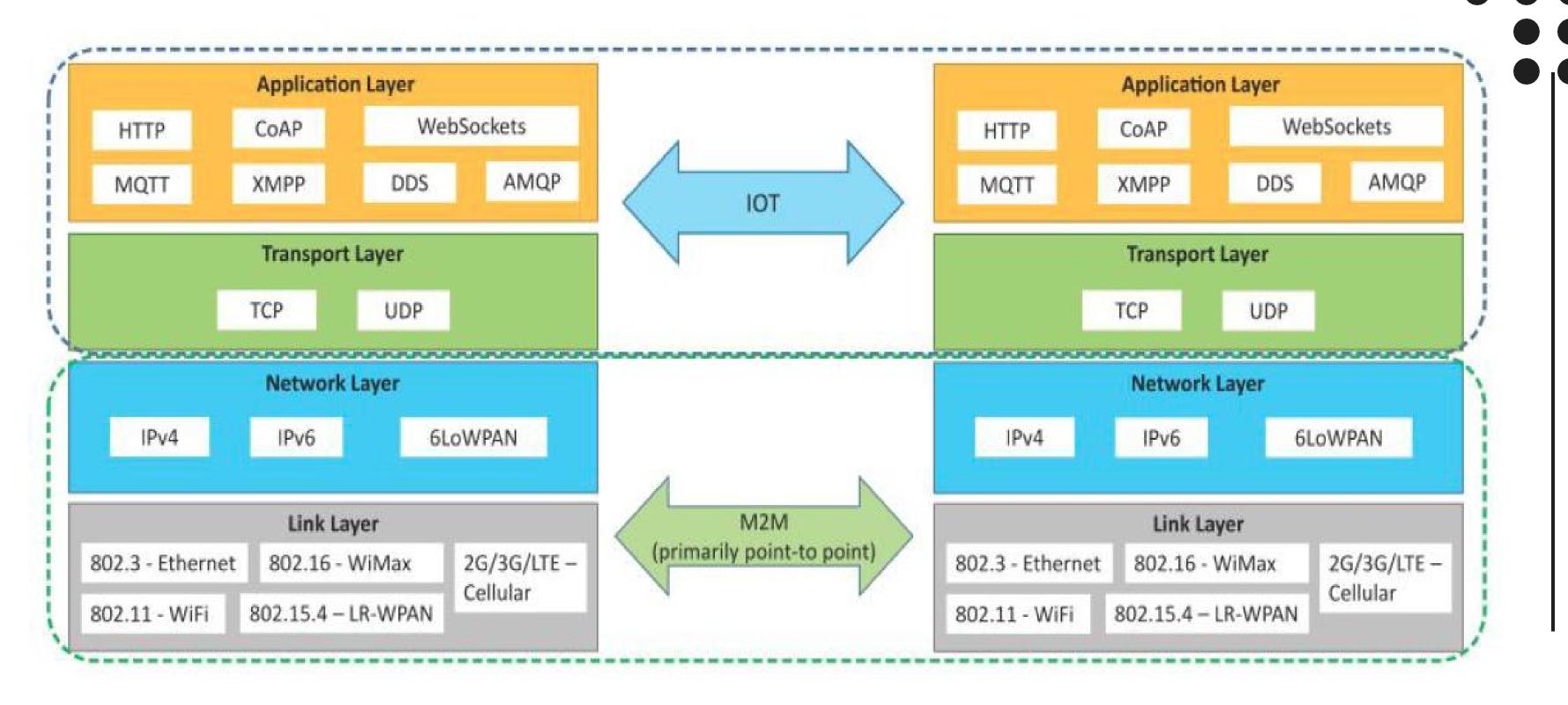
### **Applications**

- M2M data is collected in point solutions and can be accessed by onpremises applications such as diagnosis applications, service management applications, and onpremisis enterprise applications.
- IoT data is collected in the cloud and can be accessed by cloud applications such as analytics applications, enterprise applications, remote diagnosis and management applications, etc.



## Communication in IoT and M2M









# **THANK YOU**