## **Unit 4: Pharmacology of Drugs Acting on Central Nervous System (Part 1)**

## **10 Mark Questions**

- 1. Describe neurohumoral transmission in the CNS, with special emphasis on neurotransmitters like GABA, glutamate, glycine, serotonin, and dopamine.
- 2. Classify general anesthetics and pre-anesthetics. Discuss their stages, mechanisms of action, and adverse effects.
- 3. Explain sedatives, hypnotics, and centrally acting muscle relaxants: their classification, mechanisms, therapeutic uses, and differences.
- 4. Discuss anti-epileptic drugs: classification, mechanisms of action, therapeutic uses, and adverse effects.
- 5. Elaborate on alcohols and disulfiram: pharmacological effects of ethanol, its toxicity, and the role of disulfiram in alcohol dependence.

## **5 Mark Questions**

- 1. What are the stages of general anesthesia?
- 2. Classify anti-epileptics with examples.
- 3. Describe the mechanism of action of benzodiazepines as sedatives.
- 4. Explain the role of GABA in CNS transmission.
- 5. Discuss the adverse effects of alcohol.
- 6. What is disulfiram reaction?

## 2 Mark Questions

- 1. Name two CNS neurotransmitters.
- 2. What is a pre-anesthetic?
- 3. Define hypnosis.
- 4. Name an anti-epileptic drug.
- 5. What is ethanol's effect on CNS?
- 6. Define sedative.
- 7. What is glutamate's role?
- 8. Name a centrally acting muscle relaxant.
- 9. What is disulfiram used for?
- 10. Define epilepsy.