

SNS COLLEGE OF PHARMACY AND HEALTH SCIENCES



Affiliated To The Tamil Nadu Dr. MGR Medical University, Chennai

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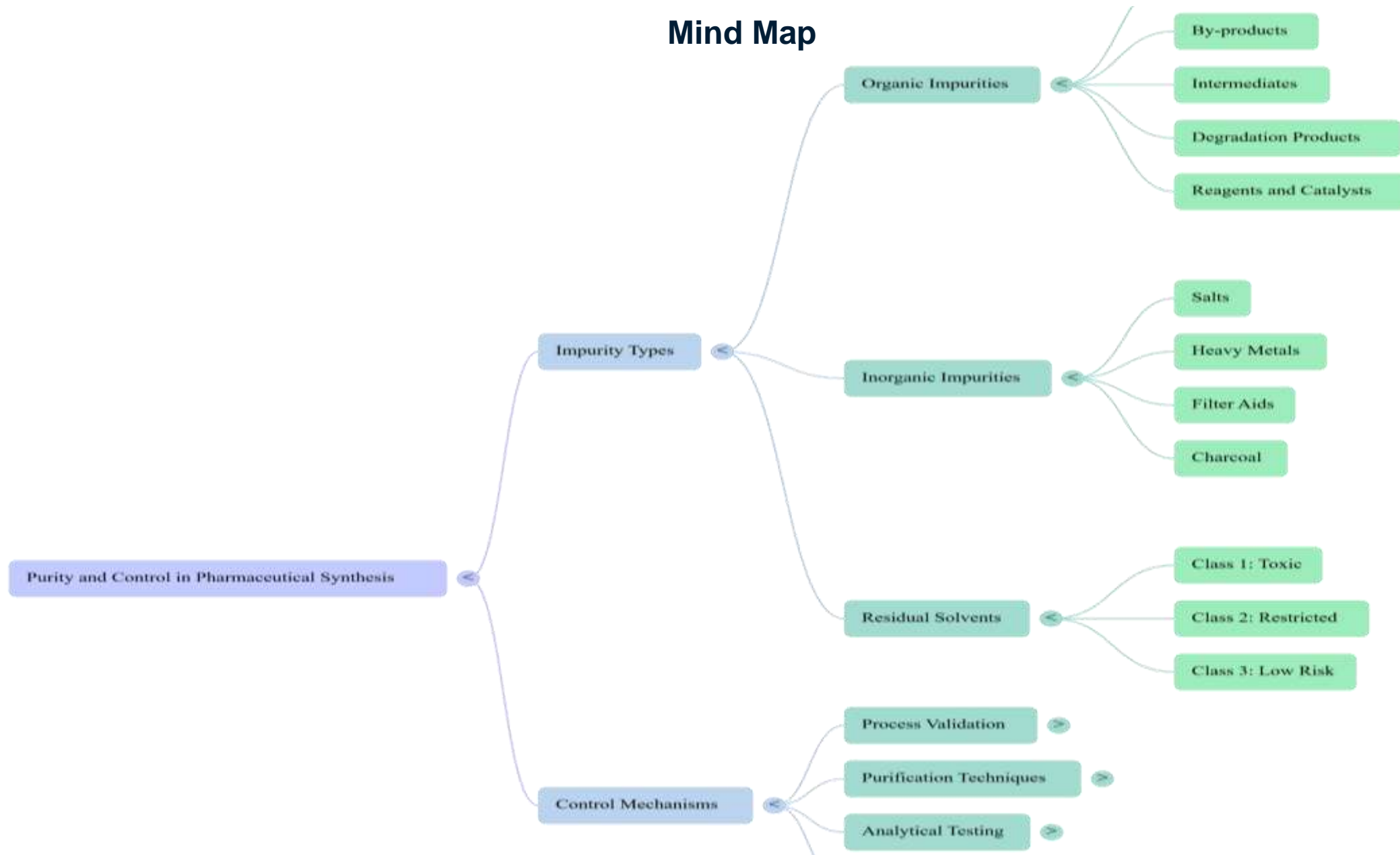
Coimbatore -641035

COURSE NAME: PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTRY

I YEAR D PHARM

TOPIC 3:SOURCE AND EFFECT OF IMPURITIES IN PHARMACOPOEIAL SUBSTANCES

Mind Map





IMPURITIES

- **Impurity:** Any component of the new drug substance that is not the chemical entity defined as the new drug substance.
- **Impurity Profile:** A description of the identified and unidentified impurities present in a new drug substance.
- **Degradation Product:** An impurity resulting from a chemical change in the drug substance brought about during manufacture and/or storage of the new drug product by the effect of, for example, light, temperature, pH, water, or by reaction with an excipient and/or the immediate container closure system.
- **Degradation Profile:** A description of the degradation products observed in the drug substance or drug product.

SOURCES OF IMPURITIES



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graph TD; A[SOURCES OF IMPURITIES] --- B[DURING MANUFACTURING]; A --- C[DURING PURIFICATION AND PROCESSING]; A --- D[DURING STORAGE]
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**DURING
MANUFACT
URING**

**DURING
PURIFICATION
AND
PROCESSING**

**DURING
STORAGE**



TYPES OF IMPURITIES



Organic Impurities

- Starting materials
- By-Products
- Intermediates
- Degradation products
- Reagents, ligands, and catalysts



Inorganic Impurities

- Reagents, ligands, and catalysts
- Heavy metals or other residual metals
- Inorganic salts



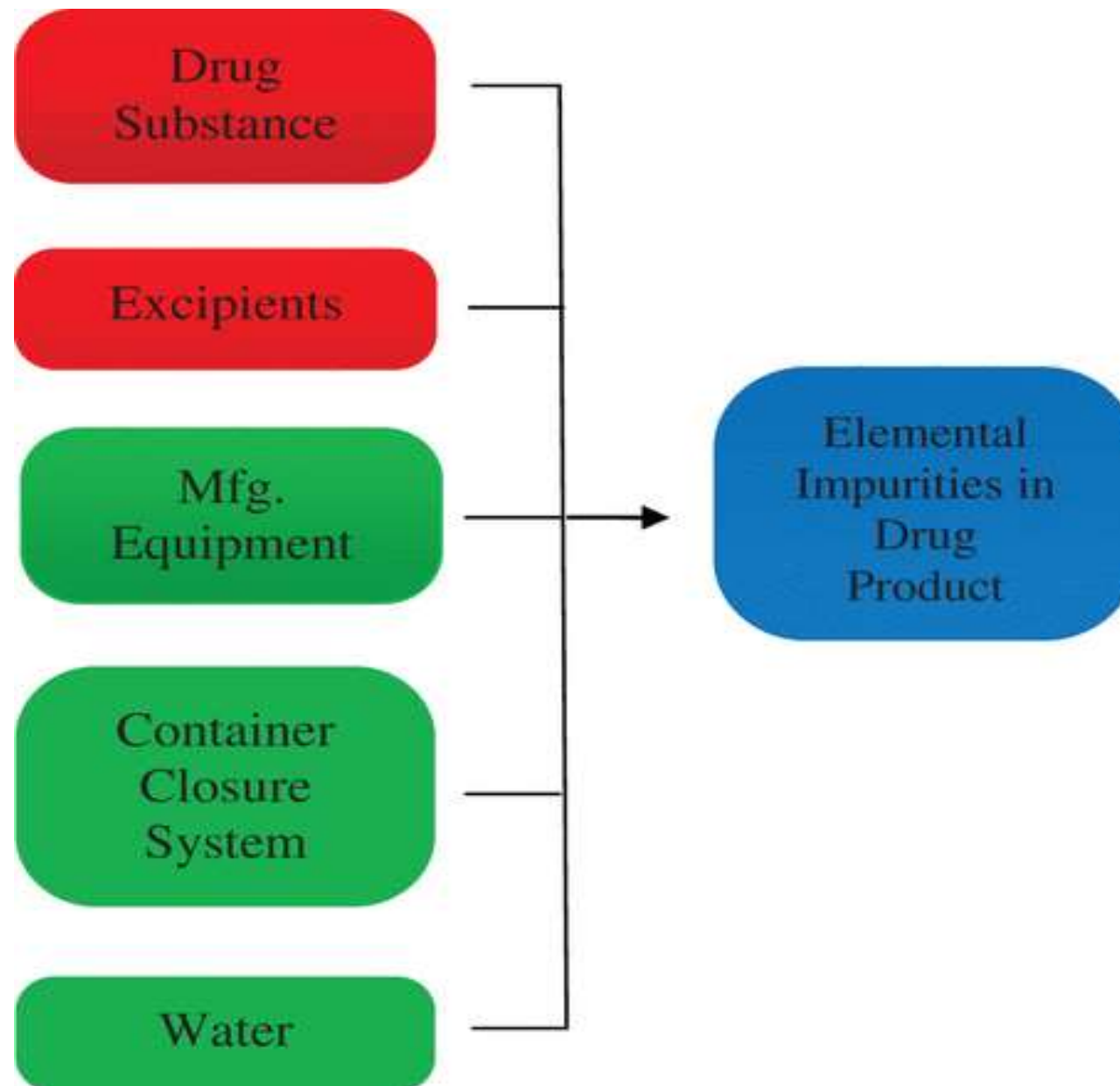
Residual Solvents

- Class 1- solvents to be avoided
- Class 2 – solvents to be limited
- Class 3 – solvents with low toxic





Elemental Impurities— Their Impact on Drug Quality



Effects of impurities

- Change the efficacy of the FP
- Harmful effect on human health
- Teratogenic, mutagenic and carcinogenic effects
- No therapeutic role and are potentially harmful
- Need to be controlled



Controlling Impurities in Drug Substances & Drug Products

ORGANIC IMPURITIES



- Starting materials
- Byproducts
- Degradation products

INORGANIC IMPURITIES



- Catalysts
- Salts
- Elemental impurities

RESIDUAL SOLVENTS



- Organic solvents from synthesis

ASSESS → DETECT → SET LIMITS → CONTROL

USP <1086>

SCIENCE & SAFETY IN EVERY DOSE



Organic Impurities

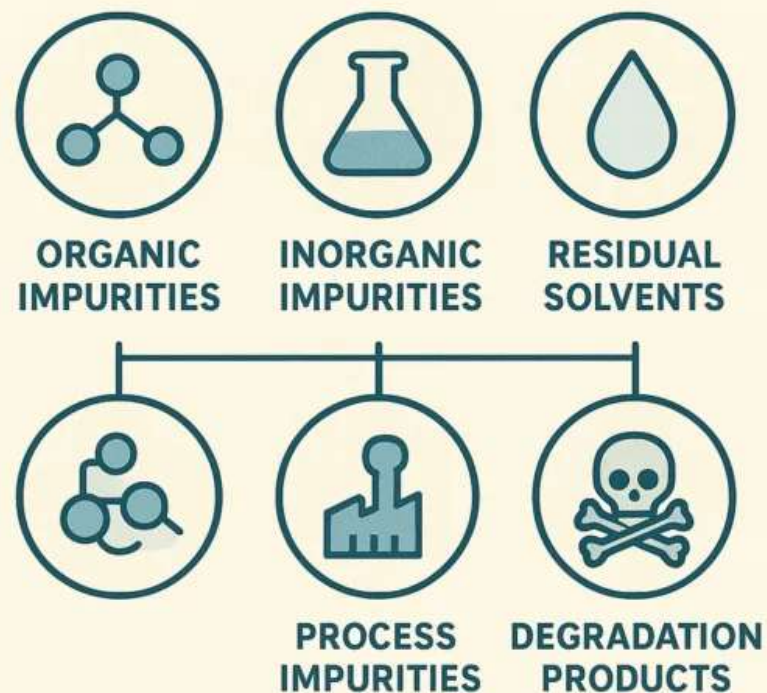
Sub type	Process related	Degradants	Chiral impurities	Genotoxic impurities
Common analytical Technique	HPLC , GC , GCMS IC, LCMS ,TLC	HPLC , GC , GCMS IC, LCMS ,TLC	HPLC , GC , CE	HPLC , GC ,LCMS , GCMS ,NMR ,IC [Discussed as separate topic]
API Guidance Reference & limits	ICH Q3 A. [0.05% to 0.15% as per dosage] ,USP	ICH Q3 A. [0.05% to 0.15% as per dosage] , USP	ICH Q3 A, ICH Q6 , FDA guidance. [0.05% to 0.15% as per dosage] ,USP	ICH M7, S9 , FDA guidance. As per TTC limit and duration of treatment.
Drug product Guidance Reference & limits	Usually not monitored in Drug product.	ICH Q3 B. [0.2% to 1% as per dosage] , USP	Usually not monitored in Drug product. Evaluation study done in few cases.	Usually not monitored in Drug product. Evaluation study done in few cases.
		Higher levels are accepted as per literature and or qualification.	Higher levels are specified in pharmacopoeial monographs .	Higher levels are accepted as per literature and or qualification.



SUMMARY

IMPURITIES IN PHARMACEUTICALS

5 MAJOR TYPES OF IMPURITIES



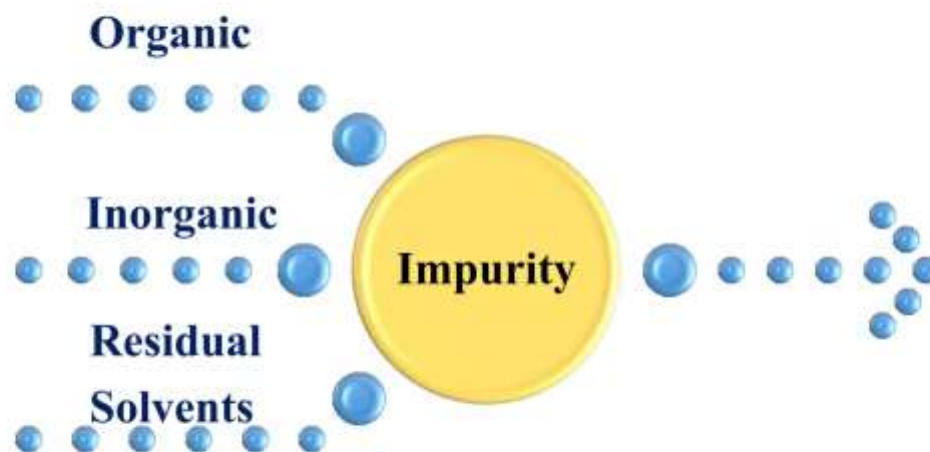
ASSESSMENTS

1. Give a note on types on impurities ?



2. Explain the below given picture?

Classification of Impurities



3. Ways to control impurities?



REFERENCES

- **Pharmaceutical Chemistry (English Edition) for D.Pharm 1st Year** by Dr. Desh Deepak Pandey and Neeraj Kumar, published by [Thakur Publication Private Limited](#).
- **Handbook of Inorganic Impurities in Pharmaceuticals** (eBook) by Parjanya Kumar Shukla and Dr. Amita Verma specifically addresses inorganic impurities and their limit test
- **Pharmaceutical Inorganic Chemistry** by Dr. K. Ilango, published by Nirali Prakashan

Thank
You!