

### **Scenario 1: The Missing Regulation**

**Puzzle:** A newly established pharmacy college is facing accreditation issues. They claim they meet all the requirements outlined in the Education Regulations, but the PCI assessor insists they are missing a crucial element. The assessor provides the following cryptic clue: "Look beyond the bricks and mortar; it's about shaping the future."

**Question:** What aspect of the PCI's Education Regulations is the college likely overlooking, and how does it relate to the PCI's function of regulating pharmacy education?

### **Scenario 2: The Conflicting Committee**

**Puzzle:** The PCI is forming a new committee to address the growing concern of counterfeit drugs in the market. Two proposals are on the table:

- **Proposal A:** A committee composed solely of experienced pharmacists with backgrounds in drug manufacturing and quality control.
- **Proposal B:** A committee composed of pharmacists, legal experts, and representatives from consumer advocacy groups.

The PCI president states, "The constitution guides us to choose the path that best serves the public interest and upholds the profession's integrity."

**Question:** Which proposal aligns better with the PCI's constitution and functions, and why?

### **Scenario 3: The Disputed Election**

**Puzzle:** During the PCI elections, a candidate is disqualified due to a technicality. The candidate argues that the disqualification is unfair because they have served the profession diligently for many years. The returning officer cites a specific clause in the PCI's constitution related to eligibility criteria. The clause states: "Candidates must possess active registration and fulfill all prescribed conditions."

**Question:** What are some possible reasons for the candidate's disqualification based on the "prescribed conditions" mentioned in the clause, and how does this relate to the PCI's role in maintaining a register of qualified pharmacists?

#### **Scenario 4: The Unrecognized Qualification**

**Puzzle:** A pharmacist obtains a pharmacy degree from a foreign university and applies for registration with the PCI. The PCI registrar rejects the application, stating that the qualification is not recognized under the Pharmacy Act. The applicant argues that their degree is equivalent to a B.Pharm degree in India.

**Question:** What factors does the PCI consider when recognizing foreign pharmacy qualifications, and how does this relate to its function of ensuring uniform standards of pharmacy education?

#### **Scenario 5: The Ethical Dilemma**

**Puzzle:** A registered pharmacist is found to be involved in unethical practices, such as dispensing medications without prescriptions and promoting the sale of spurious drugs. The PCI receives a complaint and initiates an inquiry. The pharmacist defends their actions by claiming they were under pressure from their employer to meet sales targets.

**Question:** What actions can the PCI take against the pharmacist for engaging in unethical practices, and how does this relate to its function of upholding professional conduct and ethics among registered pharmacists?