## SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY

An Autonomous Institution Coimbatore - 35

Accredited by NBA - AICTE and Accredited by NACC - UGC with 'A+ Grade Approved by AICTE , New Delhi and Affiliated to Anna University , Chennai.

## DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE ENGINEERING

## 19AGT201 - SURVEYING AND LEVELING

II - YEAR III SEMESTER

UNIT 3 - COMPUTATION OF AREA AND VOLUME

TOPIC 4 - TRAPEZOIDAL RULE

Last Class Review


Average
Ordinate Rule
Mid Ordinate rule

Calculation of area and
volume

Surveying

## States!!!

* To the sum of the first and last ordinate, twice the sum of intermediate ordinates is added. This total sum is multiplied by the common distance. Half of this product is the required area..


## Trapezoidal Rule

* While applying the trapezoidal rule, boundaries between the ends of ordinates are assumed to be straight. Thus the areas enclosed between the base line and the irregular boundary line are considered as trapezoids.

```
                                    D= common distance vetween secuons
```



## Trapezoidal Rule

* Let 01, 02, .....On=ordinate at equal intervals, * d= common distance between two ordinates


## Trapezoidal Rule



$$
1^{\text {st }} \text { area }=\frac{\mathrm{O}_{1}+\mathrm{O}_{2}}{2} * \mathrm{~d}
$$

$$
2^{\text {nd }} \text { area }=\frac{\mathrm{O}_{2}+\mathrm{O}_{3}}{2} * \mathrm{~d}
$$

$$
3^{\text {rd }} \text { area }==\frac{\mathrm{O}_{2}+\mathrm{O}_{3}}{2} * \mathrm{~d}
$$

$$
\text { Last area }=\mathrm{O}_{\mathrm{n}-1}+\mathrm{O}_{\mathrm{n}} \quad * \mathrm{~d}
$$

Total area $=\mathrm{d} / 2\left\{\mathrm{O}_{1}+2 \mathrm{O}_{2}+2 \mathrm{O}_{3}+\ldots \ldots+2 \mathrm{O}_{\mathrm{n}}-1+\mathrm{O}_{\mathrm{n}}\right\}$

## Assessment

- State Average ordinate rule



## Trapezoidal Rule

AREA $=$ common distance (( $1^{\text {st }}$ ordinate + last ordinate $)+2$ (sum of other ordinates)

## Problem

The following offsets were taken from a chain line to an irregular boundary line at an interval of 10 m :
$0,2.50,3.50,5.00,4.60,3.20,0 \mathrm{~m}$
Compute the area between the chain line, the irregular boundary line and the end of offsets by:
a) the average -ordinate rule

## Problem



Fig. P.7.1
Here d=10m
Required area
$=10 / 2\{0+0+2(2.50+3.50+5.00+4.60+3.20+)\}$
$=5^{*} 37.60=188 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$

## Reference Videos



## See You at Next Class!!!!

