

# **SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY**

**Coimbatore-35 An Autonomous Institution** 

Accredited by NBA – AICTE and Accredited by NAAC – UGC with 'A+' Grade Approved by AICTE, New Delhi & Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai

# **DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS & COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING**

# **OPTICAL AND MICROWAVE ENGINEERING**

**III YEAR/ VI SEMESTER** 

**UNIT 1 – MICROWAVE PARAMETERS** 

**TOPIC – ABCD PARAMETERS** 

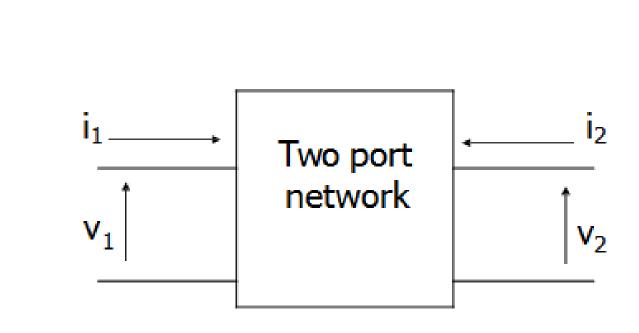






## **Two-Port Network**

2-port networks are often described by using z, y, h, or ABCD parameters.







# **Drawbacks of Y, Z parameters**

At microwave frequency, total voltage and current are difficult to measure.

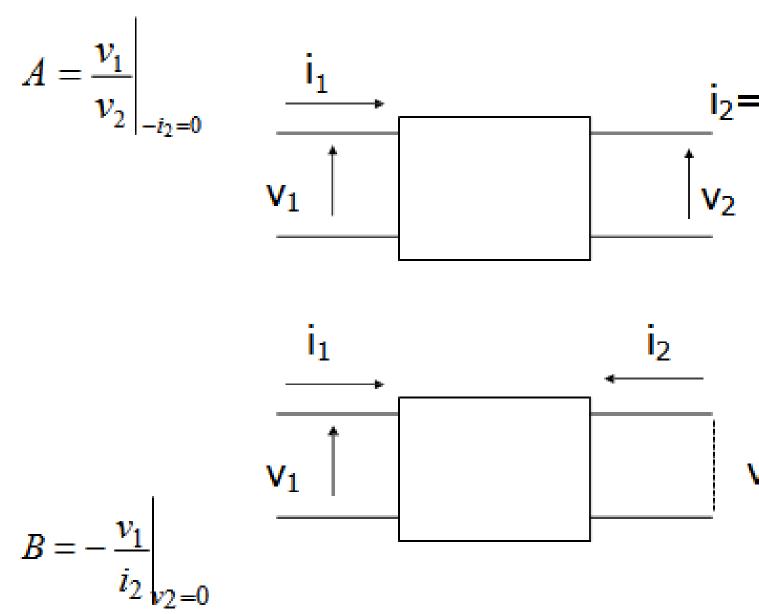
Ideal open- and short-circuit terminations are difficult to realize.

Active devices may oscillate under open- or short-circuit conditions.



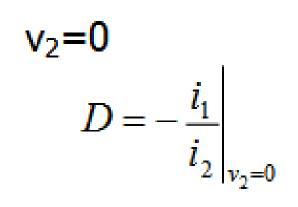


**ABCD-parameters** 



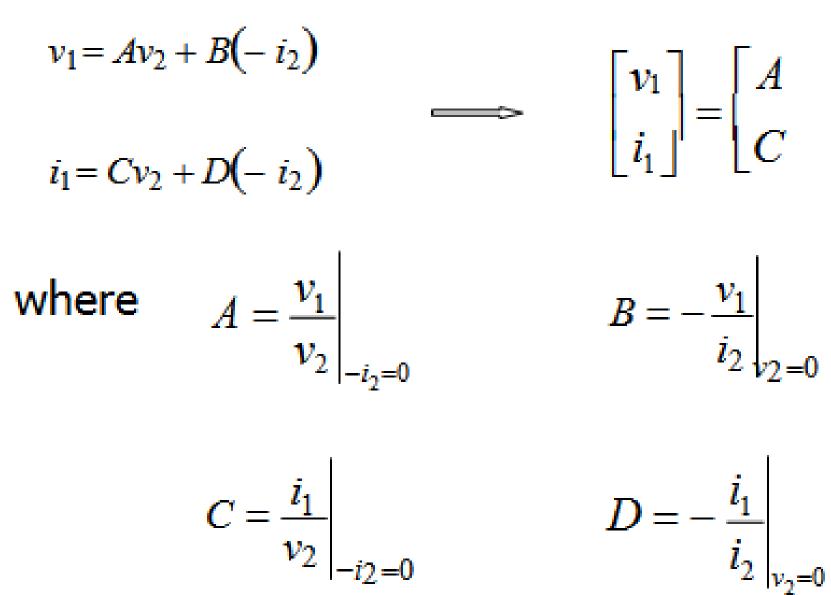


$$C = \frac{i_1}{v_2}\Big|_{-i_2=0}$$





### **ABCD-parameters**

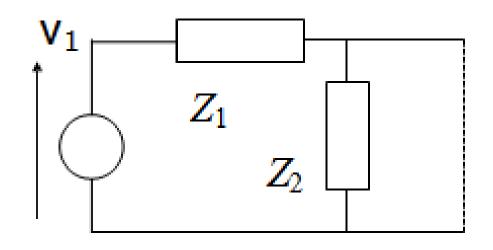




$$\begin{bmatrix} A & B & v_2 \\ C & D & -i_2 \end{bmatrix}$$



# Example (ABCD-parameters)



$$D = -\frac{i_1}{i_2}\Big|_{v_2=0}$$

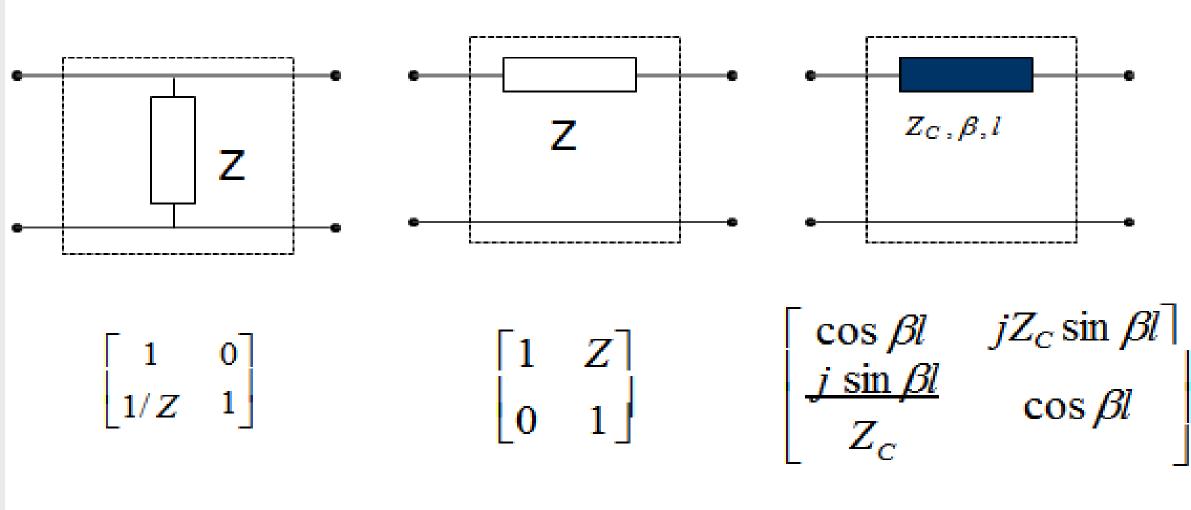
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# $i_2 = -i_1$ D = 1



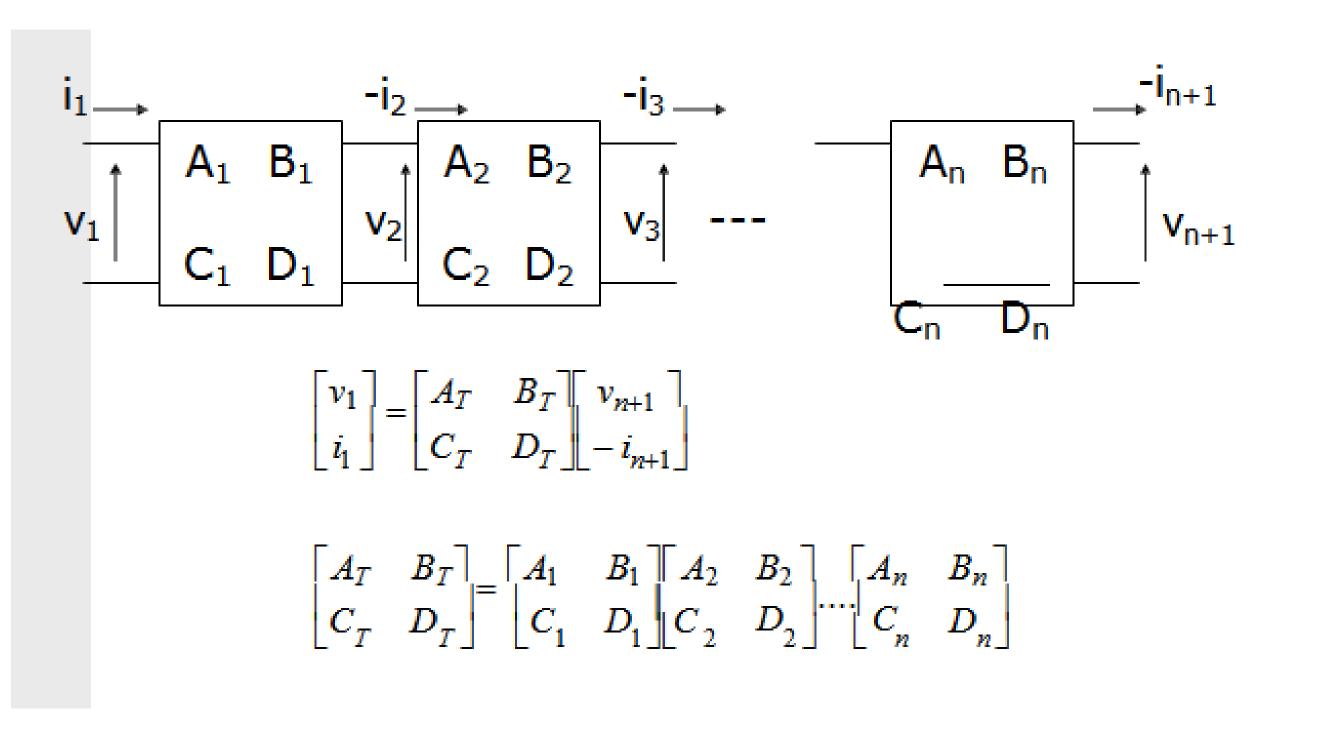
## **ABCD-(circuit examples)**







### **ABCD-(Cascaded circuit)**







### **THANK YOU**

