



SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY

Coimbatore-35
An Autonomous Institution



Accredited by NBA – AICTE and Accredited by NAAC – UGC with 'A+' Grade
Approved by AICTE, New Delhi & Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS & COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

MICROWAVE ENGINEERING

IV YEAR/ VII SEMESTER
1

UNIT 5 – OPTICAL NETWORKS

TOPIC –POWER BUDGET ANALYSIS



RISE TIME BUDGET

Rise time gives important information for initial system design. Rise-time budget analysis determines the dispersion limitation of an optical fiber link.

□ Total rise time of a fiber link is the root-sum-square of rise time of each contributor to the pulse rise time degradation.

$$t_{\text{sys}} = \sqrt{t_{r1}^2 + t_{r2}^2 + t_{r3}^2 + \dots}$$

$$t_{\text{sys}} = \left(\sum_{i=1}^N t_{ri}^2 \right)^{1/2}$$



Four basic elements that contribute to the rise-time are,

- Transmitter rise-time (t_{tx})
- Group Velocity Dispersion (GVD) rise time (t_{GVD})
- Modal dispersion rise time of fiber (t_{mod})
- Receiver rise time (t_{rx})



$$t_{\text{sys}} = [t_{\text{tx}}^2 + t_{\text{mod}}^2 + t_{\text{GVD}}^2 + t_{\text{rx}}^2]^{1/2}$$

Rise time due to modal dispersion is given as

$$t_{\text{mod}} = \frac{440}{B_M} = \frac{440 Lq}{B_0}$$

where,

B_M is bandwidth (MHz)

L is length of fiber (km)

q is a parameter ranging between 0.5 and 1.

B_0 is bandwidth of 1 km length fiber,



- Rise time due to group velocity dispersion is

$$t_{GVD} = D^2 \sigma_{\lambda}^2 L^2$$

where,

D is dispersion [ns/(nm.km)]

$\Sigma\lambda$ is half-power spectral width of source

L is length of fiber

- Receiver front end rise-time in nanoseconds is

where,

B_{rx} is 3 dB – bW of receiver (MHz).

- Equation can be written as

$$t_{rx} = \frac{350}{B_{rx}}$$



$$t_{\text{sys}} = [t_{\text{tx}}^2 + t_{\text{mod}}^2 + t_{\text{GVD}}^2 + t_{\text{rx}}^2]^{1/2}$$

$$t_{\text{sys}} = \left[t_{\text{tx}}^2 + \left(\frac{440 Lq}{B_0} \right)^2 + D^2 \sigma_{\lambda}^2 L^2 + \left(\frac{350}{B_{\text{rx}}} \right)^2 \right]^{1/2}$$

The system bandwidth is given by

$$BW = \frac{0.35}{t_{\text{sys}}}$$



Example1 .For a multimode fiber following parameters are recorded.

- i) LED with drive circuit has rise time of 15 ns.
- ii) LED spectral width = 40 nm
- iii) Material dispersion related rise time degradation = 21 ns over 6 km link.
- iv) Receiver bandwidth = 235 MHz
- v) Modal dispersion rise time = 3.9 nsec

Calculate system rise time.



Solution : $t_{rx} = 15 \text{ nsec}$

$t_{T_{mat}} = 21 \text{ nsec}$

$t_{mod} = 3.9 \text{ nsec}$

Now

$$t_{rx} = \frac{350}{B_{rx}}$$

\therefore

$$t_{rx} = \frac{350}{25}$$

\therefore

$$t_{rx} = 14 \text{ nsec}$$

Since

$$t_{sys} = \left(\sum_{i=1}^N t_{ri}^2 \right)^{1/2}$$

$$t_{sys} = [15^2 + 21^2 + 3.9^2 + 14^2]^{1/2}$$

$$= 29.61 \text{ nsec}$$



THANK YOU