



SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY



Coimbatore - 35

23BAT613 – Operations Management

UNIT-II Forecasting

Operations Scheduling

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RECAP

Inventory Planning and Control



Inventory Management in Planning & Control

Inventory Holding

Holding Inventory ensures that:

- Operation delay do not impact delivery to customers.
- Company can meet spikes or fluctuation in product demand.
- There is flexibility in production.

Inventory Models

- Independent Demand Inventory Model
- Dependent Demand Inventory Model

Inventory Costs

Holding cost: carrying cost associated with inventory over a period of time.
Example: insurance, warehousing, interest, extra head-count, etc.

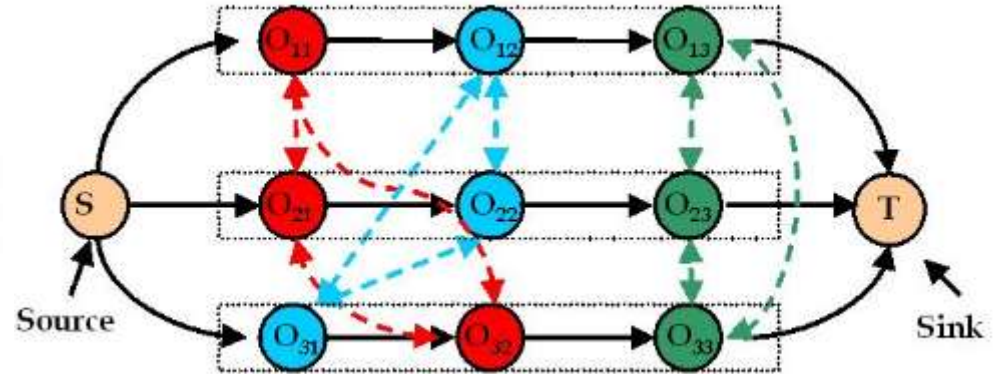
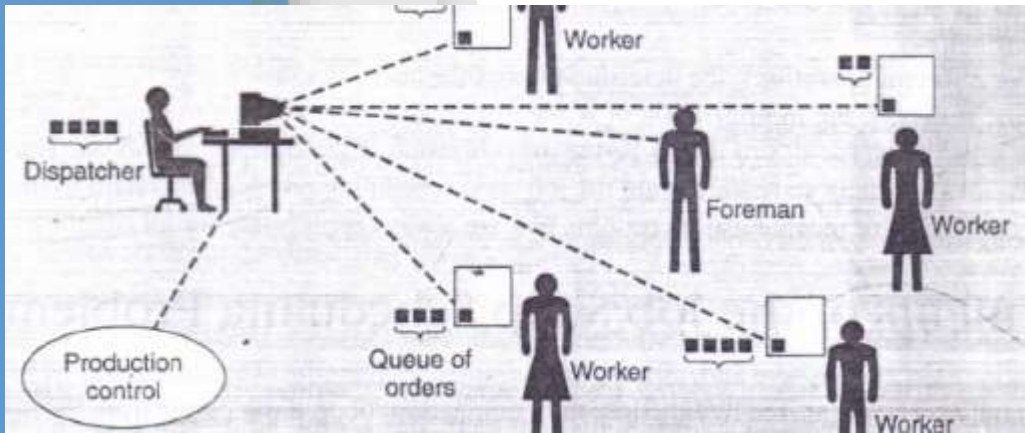
Ordering cost: cost associated with purchasing of raw material and receiving raw materials.
Example: forms, order processing, office maintenance supplies and staff associated with ordering.



TODAY'S TOPIC:



Operations Scheduling





Operations Scheduling - Meaning

The primary goal of operations scheduling is to optimize the use of resources while **meeting operational objectives such as minimizing costs, maximizing throughput**, meeting deadlines, and ensuring customer satisfaction.



In simpler terms, operations scheduling is about answering questions like:

What tasks need to be done?

In what order should they be completed?

When should they start and finish?

What resources are needed for each task?



Operations Scheduling

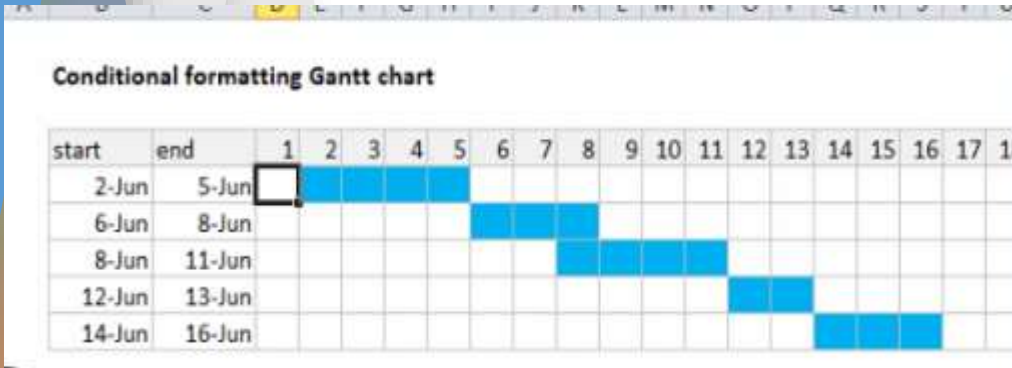
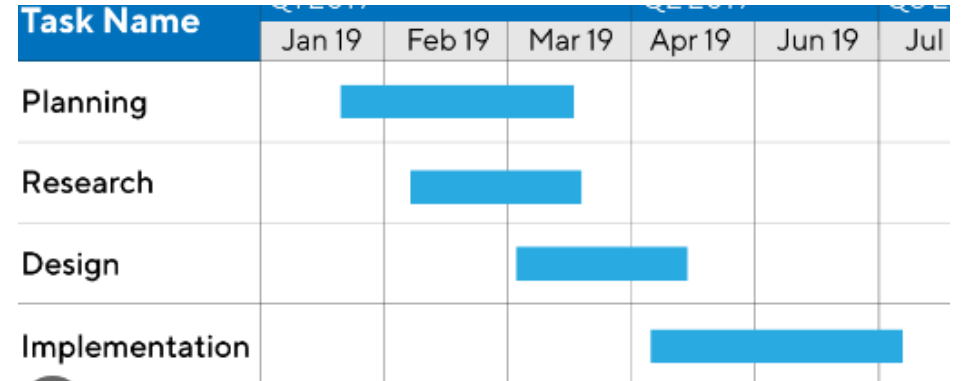
Operations scheduling is the process of planning and organizing tasks, activities, resources, and timelines to ensure efficient and effective operation of a system or process. It involves determining the sequence and timing of activities to achieve specific objectives within given constraints such as time, cost, and resource availability.





Operations Scheduling -Types

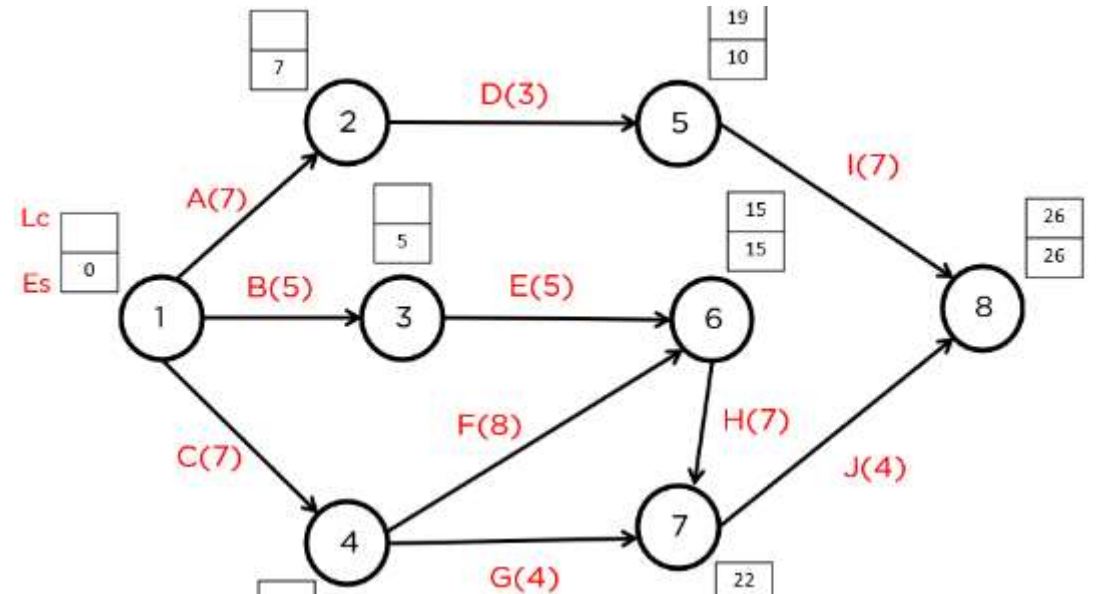
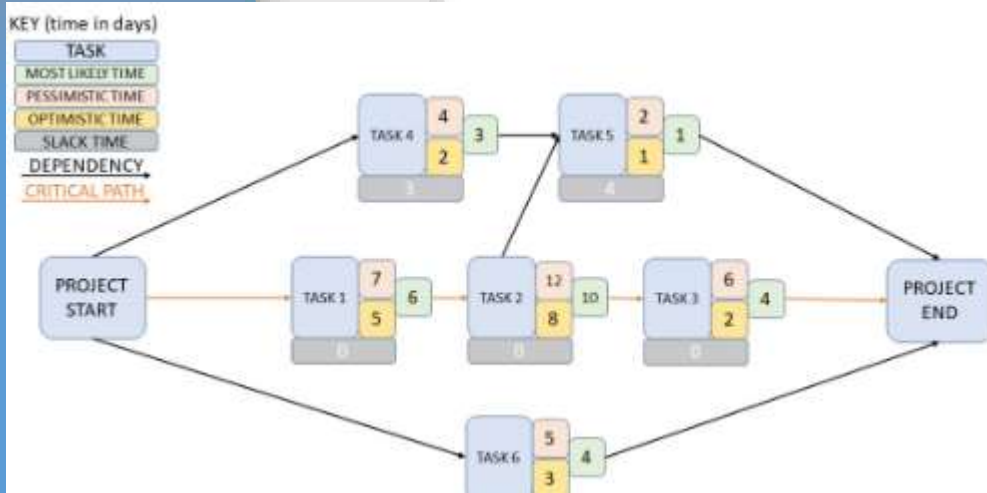
- Task/Activities
- Timeline
- Bars
- Dependencies
- Milestones





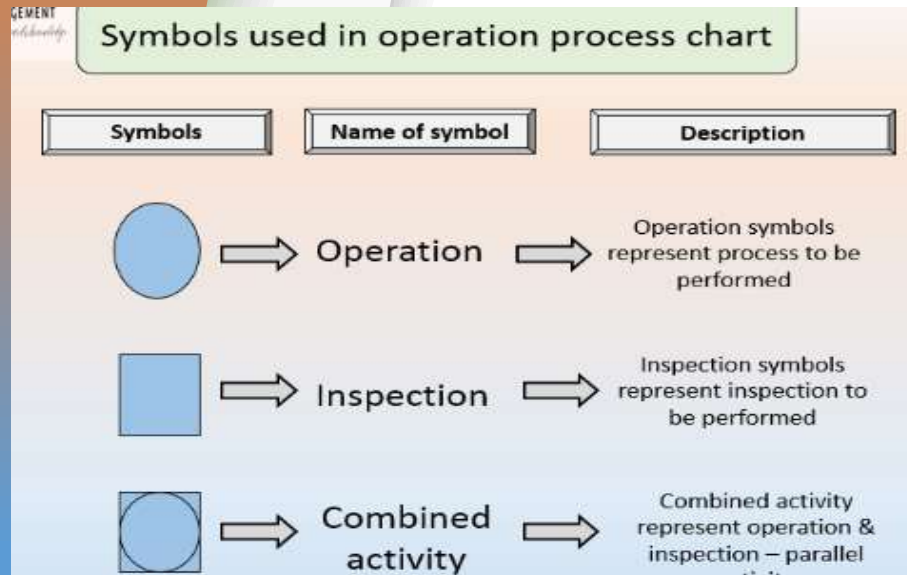
Operations Scheduling -Types

A PERT (Program Evaluation and Review Technique) chart is another tool used in project management, particularly for planning and scheduling complex projects

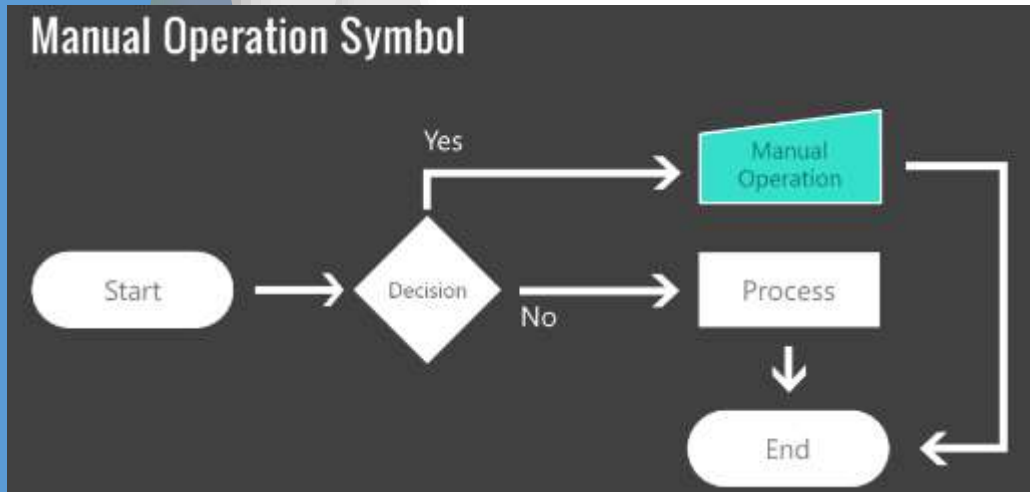




Process flow charts



Meaning	Symbol	Description
Start or End		An elongated circle represents the start or end of a process.
Step/ Flowline		Represents direction of flow/process from one step to another.
Process/ Operation		Rectangle/square box shows instructions/actions/activity.
Decision		Diamond box represents decision on particular activity.
Storage		Represents storage of material/parts.
Delay/Wait		Indicate delay in operation/process/activity.
Document		Represents supportive documents required.

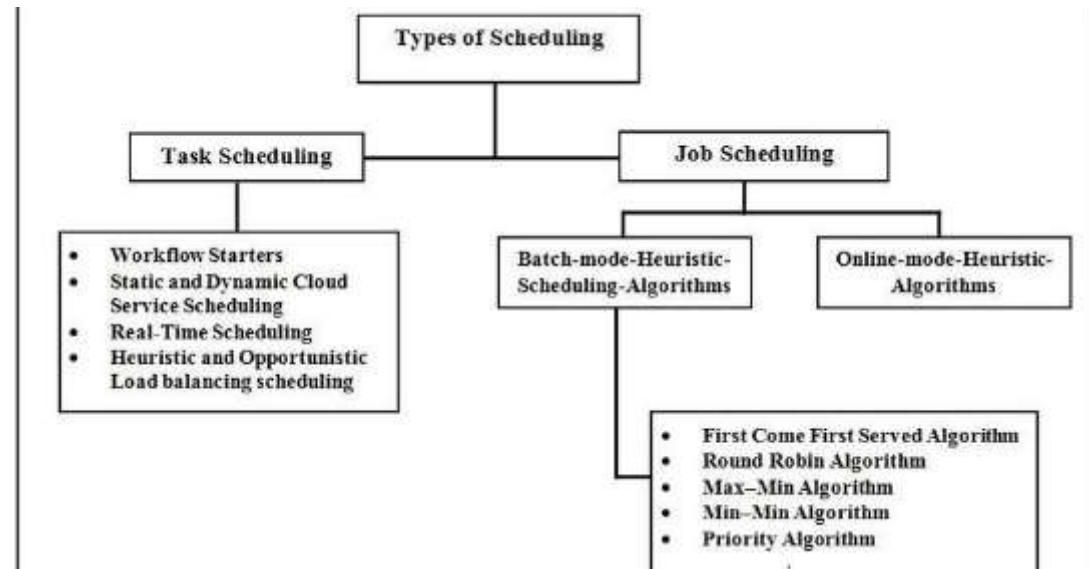




Operations Scheduling -Types

Scheduling algorithms are used in various computing systems to allocate resources efficiently and manage tasks or processes

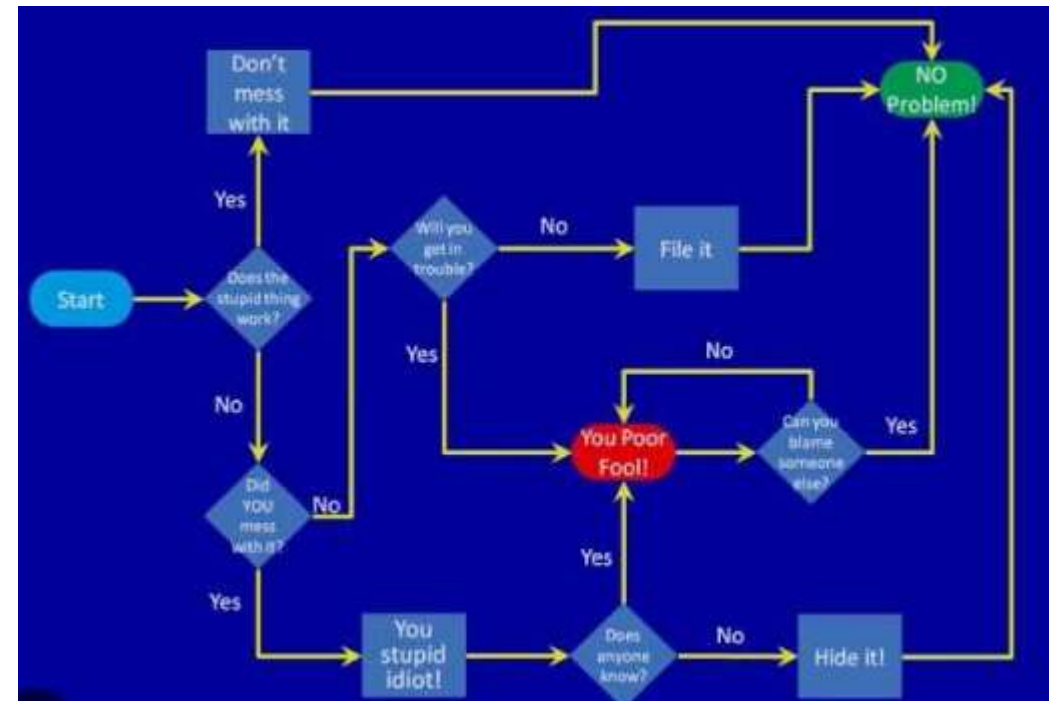
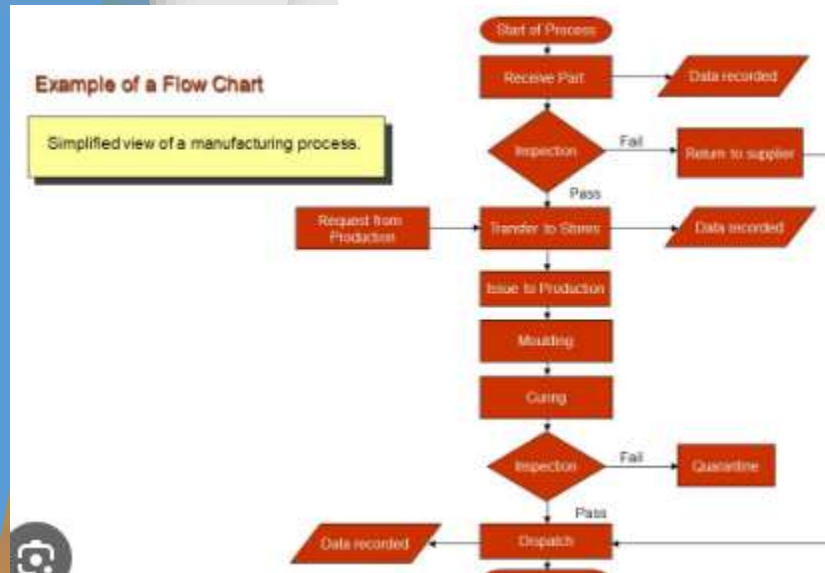
- First Come, First Served (FCFS)**
- Shortest Job Next (SJN) / Shortest Job First (SJF)**
- Priority Scheduling**
- Round Robin (RR)**
- Multilevel Queue Scheduling**





Operations Scheduling -Types

Flowcharts are graphical representations of a process, showing the steps involved and the order in which they occur. They are widely used in various fields such as software development, business processes, and engineering to illustrate workflows and decision-making processes.





Assessment

For example, in manufacturing, operations scheduling involves determining the sequence of production tasks, allocating machinery and labor, and establishing production timelines to meet customer orders efficiently. In project management, scheduling involves creating timelines, allocating resources, and identifying dependencies between tasks to ensure the project is completed on time and within budget

- Gantt Charts
- PERT Charts
- Flowcharts
- Scheduling Algorithms





ASSESSMENT:



Which scheduling algorithm typically provides the shortest average waiting time for processes?

- a) First Come, First Served (FCFS)
- b) Shortest Job Next (SJN)
- c) Round Robin (RR)
- d) Shortest Remaining Time (SRT)



Summary

Operations scheduling is the process of planning and organizing tasks, activities, resources, and timelines to ensure efficient and effective operation of a system or process. It involves determining the sequence and timing of activities to achieve specific objectives within given constraints such as time, cost, and resource availability.



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