

### **SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY**



**Coimbatore - 35** 

**23BAT613 – Operations Management** 

#### **UNIT-III - OPERATIONS AND THE VALUE CHAIN**

**Tools for Capacity Planning** 

**Presented by** 

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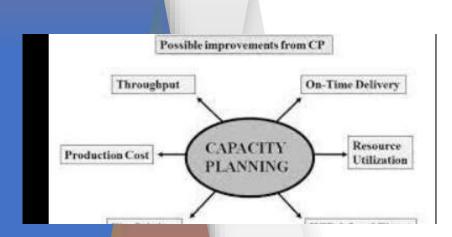




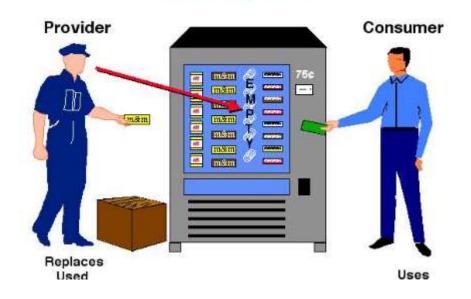




### **Developing Capacity Alternatives**



#### Synchronous / Lean Manufacturing Pull System



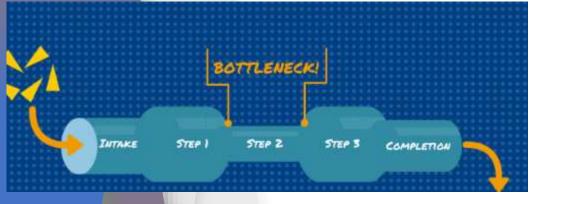
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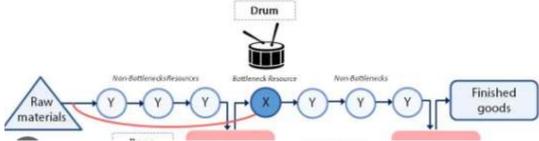




## **Today's Topic**:

### **Tools for Capacity Planning**







## **Tools for Capacity Planning** - Meaning

Capacity planning is essential for ensuring that your business can meet future

demands without overcommitting resources.

**Spreadsheets (Excel, Google Sheets)** 

Use Cases: Simple capacity planning tasks, creating custom models.

Features: Flexibility, customizable, easy to share.

Pros: Widely available, familiar to most users.

Cons: Manual data entry, prone to errors, limited scalability.



#### **ERP Systems (Enterprise Resource Planning)**

Examples: SAP, Oracle ERP Cloud, Microsoft Dynamics 365

Use Cases: Comprehensive resource management, integration with other

business functions.

Features: Real-time data, scalability, robust analytics.

Pros: Integrated with other business processes, real-time insights.

Cons: Expensive, complex implementation.



#### **Dedicated Capacity Planning Software**

Examples: Asprova, Preactor, Capacity Planning Tool by NetSuite

Use Cases: Manufacturing, logistics, detailed capacity management.

Features: Advanced scheduling, simulation capabilities, demand forecasting.

Pros: Specialized features, industry-specific solutions.

Cons: Can be costly, requires training.



#### **Cloud-based Solutions**

Examples: AWS Auto Scaling, Azure Resource Manager, Google Cloud Platform

**Capacity Planning** 

Use Cases: IT infrastructure, dynamic scaling needs.

Features: Scalability, real-time adjustments, cost management.

Pros: Pay-as-you-go, easy to scale up or down.

Cons: Dependent on internet connectivity, potential security concerns.

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#### **Project Management Tools**

Examples: Microsoft Project, Smartsheet, Asana

Use Cases: Project-specific capacity planning, team management.

Features: Gantt charts, resource allocation, collaboration tools.

**Pros: Project-centric, good for team collaboration.** 

**Cons: Less suited for large-scale operations** 



#### **Business Intelligence (BI) Tools**

Examples: Tableau, Power BI, QlikView

Use Cases: Data analysis, reporting, capacity trend analysis.

Features: Data visualization, dashboards, advanced analytics.

**Pros: Powerful data analysis, integrates with various data sources.** 

Cons: Requires data literacy, can be expensive for large datasets.



#### **Key Considerations:**

Scalability: Ensure the tool can grow with your business.

Integration: Look for tools that integrate well with your existing systems.

Cost: Balance the tool's cost against the benefits it provides.

User-friendliness: Consider the learning curve and ease of use.

Support and Training: Evaluate the availability of vendor support and training

resources.



### ASSESSMENT:



Which of the following best defines capacity planning?

- A. Planning for financial resources
- B. Planning for human resources
- C. Planning for optimizing operational efficiency
- D. Planning for aligning resources with demand forecasts





### Summary

By following these steps, organizations can systematically develop and implement capacity alternatives that enhance their ability to achieve their goals and address emerging challenges effectively.





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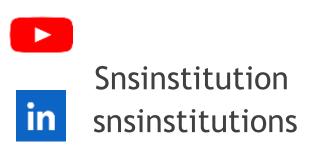
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