



SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY



(An Autonomous Institution)

Re-accredited by NAAC with A+ grade, Accredited by NBA(CSE, IT, ECE, EEE & Mechanical)
Approved by AICTE, New Delhi, Recognized by UGC, Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER APPLICATIONS

COURSE

23CAE717
Cloud Computing

UNIT I

Cloud Architecture
and Model

TOPIC

Cloud Models:-
Characteristics –
Cloud Services – Cloud
models (IaaS, PaaS,
SaaS)

Semester

II Semester /
I MCA



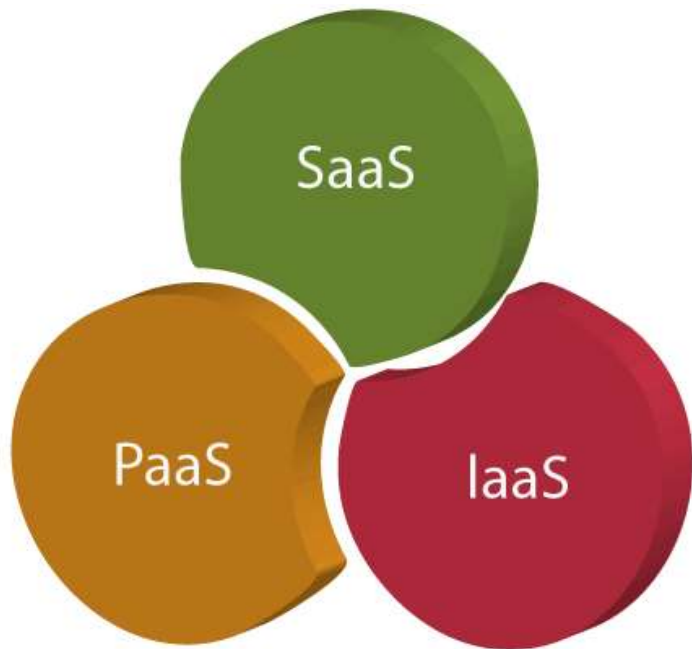
UNIT I NETWORK TECHNOLOGIES



- ❖ Technologies for Network-Based System
- ❖ System Models for Distributed and Cloud Computing
- ❖ NIST Cloud Computing Reference Architecture
- ❖ Cloud Models:- Characteristics – Cloud Services Cloud models (IaaS, PaaS, SaaS)
- ❖ Public vs Private Cloud –Cloud Solutions
- ❖ Cloud ecosystem
- ❖ Service management
- ❖ Computing on demand



Cloud Models





01

Infrastructure as a Service (Hardware as a Service)

- Resources are available as a service
- Services are highly scalable
- Dynamic and flexible
- GUI and API-based access
- Automated administrative tasks

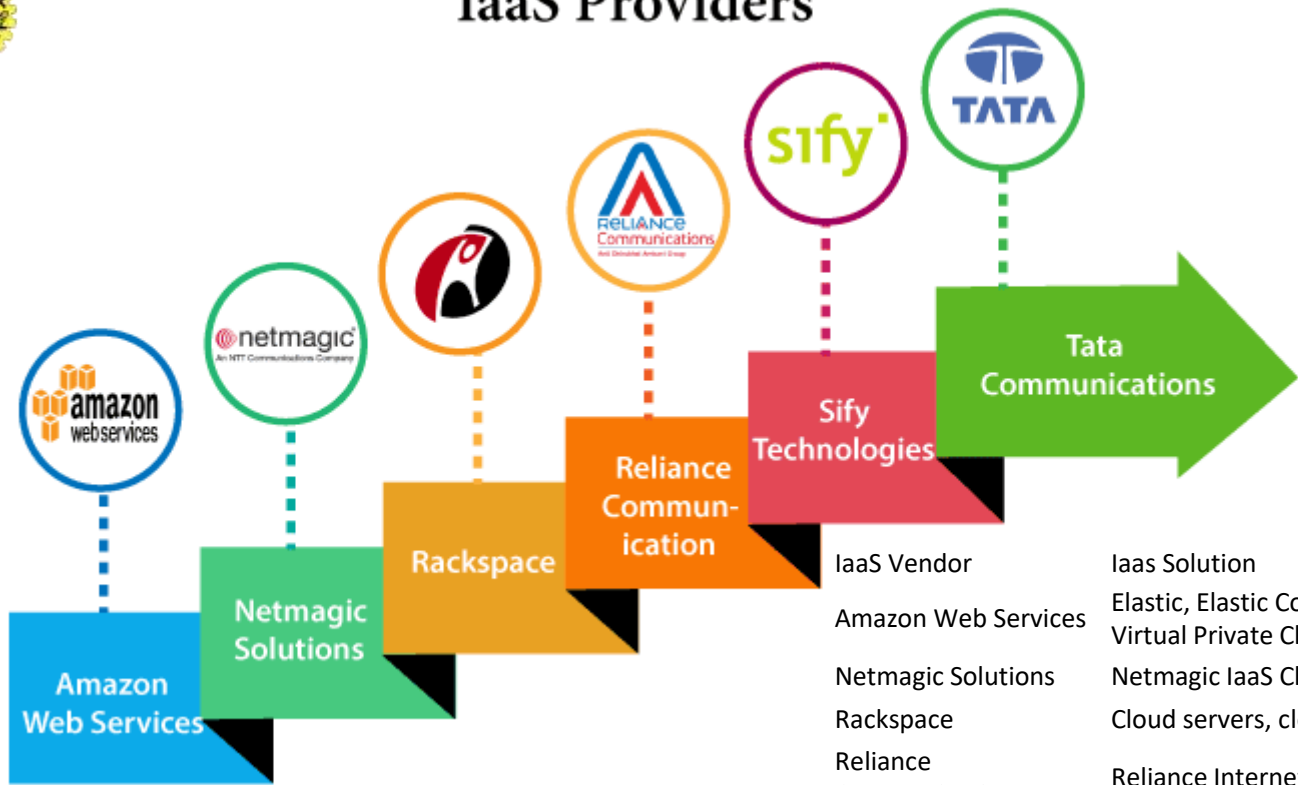
Example

- DigitalOcean
- Linode
- Amazon Web Services (AWS)
- Microsoft Azure
- Google Compute Engine (GCE), Cisco Metacloud.





IaaS Providers



IaaS Vendor	IaaS Solution
Amazon Web Services	Elastic, Elastic Compute Cloud (EC2) MapReduce, Route 53, Virtual Private Cloud, etc.
Netmagic Solutions	Netmagic IaaS Cloud
Rackspace	Cloud servers, cloud files, cloud sites, etc.
Reliance Communications	Reliance Internet Data Center
Sify Technologies	Sify IaaS
Tata Communications	InstaCompute



02

Platform as a Service (programmer to develop, test, run, and manage the applications)

- Accessible to various users via the same development application.
- Integrates with web services and databases.
- Builds on virtualization technology
- Support multiple languages and frameworks.
- Provides an ability to "Auto-scale".

Example

- AWS Elastic Beanstalk, Windows Azure, Heroku, Force.com, Google App Engine, Apache Stratos, Magento Commerce Cloud, and OpenShift.

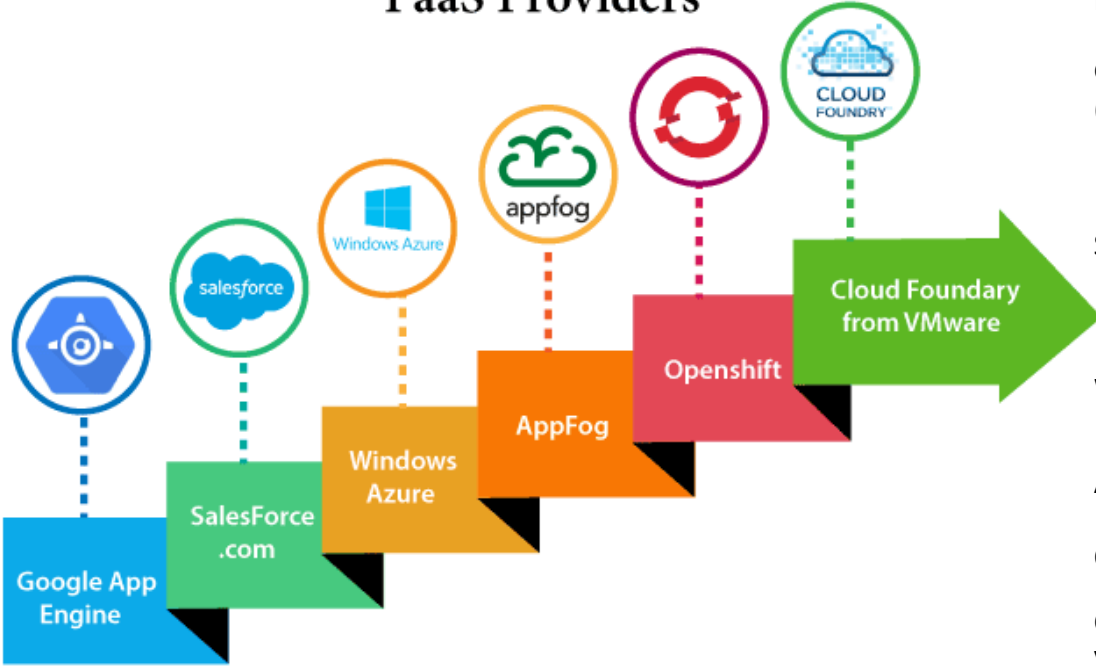




Popular PaaS Service Provider



PaaS Providers



Providers

- Google App Engine (GAE)
- Salesforce.com
- Windows Azure
- AppFog
- Openshift
- Cloud Foundry from VMware

Services

- App Identity, URL Fetch, Cloud storage client library, Logservice
- Faster implementation, Rapid scalability, CRM Services, Sales cloud, Mobile connectivity, Chatter.
- Compute, security, IoT, Data Storage.
- Justcloud.com, SkyDrive, GoogleDocs
- RedHat, Microsoft Azure.
- Data, Messaging, and other services.



03

Software as a Service (on-demand software)

- Managed from a central location
- Hosted on a remote server
- Accessible over the internet
- Users are not responsible for hardware and software updates. Updates are applied automatically.

Example

- BigCommerce, Google Apps, Salesforce, Dropbox, ZenDesk, Cisco WebEx, ZenDesk, Slack, and GoToMeeting





Popular SaaS Service Provider



rovider	Services
Salseforce.com	On-demand CRM solutions
Microsoft Office 365	Online office suite
Google Apps	Gmail, Google Calendar, Docs, and sites
NetSuite	ERP, accounting, order management, CRM, Professionals Services Automation (PSA), and e-commerce applications.
GoToMeeting	Online meeting and video-conferencing software
Constant Contact	E-mail marketing, online survey, and event marketing
Oracle CRM	CRM applications
Workday, Inc	Human capital management, payroll, and financial management.



Difference between IaaS, PaaS and SaaS



IaaS

It provides a virtual data center to store information and create platforms for app development, testing, and deployment.

It provides access to resources such as virtual machines, virtual storage, etc.

It is used by **network architects**.

IaaS provides only Infrastructure.

PaaS

It provides virtual platforms and tools to create, test, and deploy apps.

It provides runtime environments and deployment tools for applications.

It is used by **developers**.

PaaS provides Infrastructure+Platform.

SaaS

It provides web software and apps to complete business tasks.

It provides software as a service to the end-users.

It is used by **end users**.

SaaS provides Infrastructure+Platform +Software.



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- ❑ Kumar Saurabh, “Cloud Computing – insights into New-Era Infrastructure”, Wiley India,2011.
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- ❑ John W.Rittinghouse and James F.Ransome, “Cloud Computing: Implementation, Management, and Security”, CRC Press, 201



ANY
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