## Fundamentals of the Analysis of Algorithm Efficiency

- Analysis Framework
- Asymptotic Notations and its properties
- Mathematical analysis of Recursive algorithms



## Asymptotic Notations and its properties

- Analysis framework - Efficiency - order of growth
- Order of growth - change in order of input size
- Study of performance changes of algorithm with change in order of input $\rightarrow$ Asymptotic Analysis
- Compare and Rank order of growth $\rightarrow 3$ Notations
- Mathematical tool to represent the time complexity of algorithm for Asymptotic Analysis is Asymptotic Notation
- Notations
- Big O Notation (Worst-case efficiency)
- Big $\Omega$ Notation (Best-case efficiency)
- Big $\Theta$ Notation (Average-case efficiency)


## Big O Notation (Worst-case efficiency)

- Upper bound of the running time of an algorithm
- $\mathrm{O}(\mathrm{g}(\mathrm{n}))=\{\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{n})$ : there exist positive constants c and n 0 such that $0 \leq \mathrm{f}(\mathrm{n}) \leq \operatorname{cg}(\mathrm{n})$ for all $\mathrm{n} \geq \mathrm{n} 0\}$
- $\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{n}) \in \mathrm{O}(\mathrm{g}(\mathrm{n}))$


Big O Notation (Worst-case efficiency)

| n | $\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{n})=100 \mathrm{n}+300$ | $\mathrm{~g}(\mathrm{n})=6 \mathrm{n}^{2}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | 400 | 6 |
| 2 | 500 | 24 |
| 3 | 600 | 54 |
| 4 | 700 | 96 |
| 5 | 800 | 150 |
| . |  |  |
| . | 1300 | 600 |
| 10 |  |  |
| . | 1800 | 1350 |
| 15 | 2300 | 2400 |
| 20 | 2400 | 2646 |
| 21 | 2500 | 2904 |
| 22 | 2600 eresign and Analvsis of Algorithm $^{\text {A.Indhuja }}$ | 3174 |
| 23 |  |  |
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## Big O Notation (Worst-case efficiency) - Example



What is $n_{0}$ here?

## Big $\Omega$ Notation (Best-case efficiency)

- lower bound of the running time of the algorithm
- $\Omega(\mathrm{g}(\mathrm{n}))=\left\{\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{n})\right.$ : there exist positive constants c and $\mathrm{n}_{0}$ such that $0 \leq \operatorname{cg}(\mathrm{n}) \leq \mathrm{f}(\mathrm{n})$ for all $\left.\mathrm{n} \geq \mathrm{n}_{0}\right\}$



## Big $\Theta$ Notation (Average-case efficiency)

- Encloses the function from above and below
- upper and the lower bound of the running time of algorithm
- $\Theta(g(n))=\{f(n)$ : there exist positive constants $c 1, c 2$ and $n 0$ such that $0 \leq \mathrm{c} 1 \mathrm{~g}(\mathrm{n}) \leq \mathrm{f}(\mathrm{n}) \leq \mathrm{c} 2 \mathrm{~g}(\mathrm{n})$ for all $\mathrm{n} \geq \mathrm{n} 0\}$


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