

SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY

Coimbatore-36. An Autonomous Institution



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COURSE NAME : 23ITT101 PROGRAMMING IN C AND DATA STRUCTURES I YEAR/ II SEMESTER

UNIT – V STRUCTURES UNIONS AND FILES

Dr.B.Vinodhini

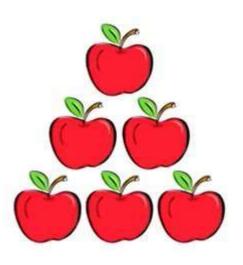
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6/6/2024

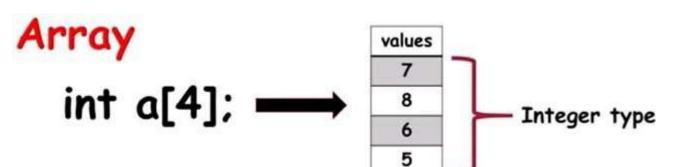


Array

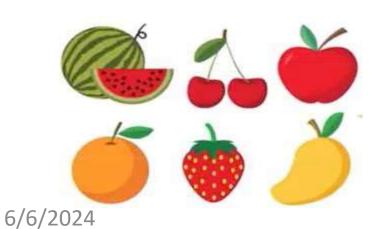


STRUCTURES





structure



structure

struct student
{
 int n;
 float avg;
 char c;
};

Values

Values
7
89.23
X'
Multiple types





C Structures

Structure is a user-defined datatype in C language which allows us to combine data of different types together. Structure helps to construct a complex data type which is more meaningful. It is somewhat similar to an Array, but an array holds data of similar type only. But structure on the other hand, can store data of any type, which is practical more useful.

For example: If I have to write a program to store Student information, which will have Student's name, age, branch, permanent address, father's name etc, which included string values, integer values etc, how can I use arrays for this problem, I will require something which can hold data of different types together.

In structure, data is stored in form of records.





Defining a structure

struct keyword is used to define a structure. struct defines a new data type which is a collection of primary and derived data types.

Syntax:







Example of Structure

		struc
		{
	[25];	9
		j
	ch[10];	Q
	female and M for male	
	er;	¢
		};
	er;	

Here struct Student declares a structure to hold the details of a student which consists of 4 data fields, namely name, age, branch and gender. These fields are called structure elements or members.

Each member can have different datatype, like in this case, name is an array of char type and age is of int type etc. **Student** is the name of the structure and is called as the **structure tag**.





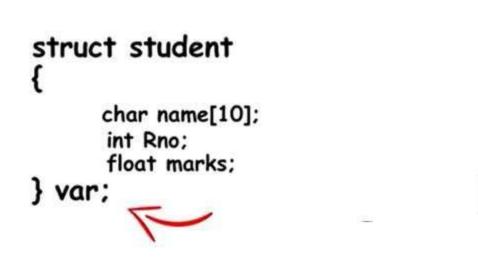
Declaring Structure Variables

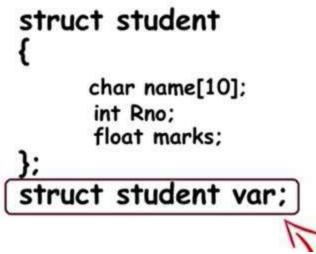
It is possible to declare variables of a **structure**, either along with structure definition or after the structure is defined. **Structure** <u>variable</u> declaration is similar to the declaration of any normal variable of any other datatype. Structure variables can be declared in following two ways:





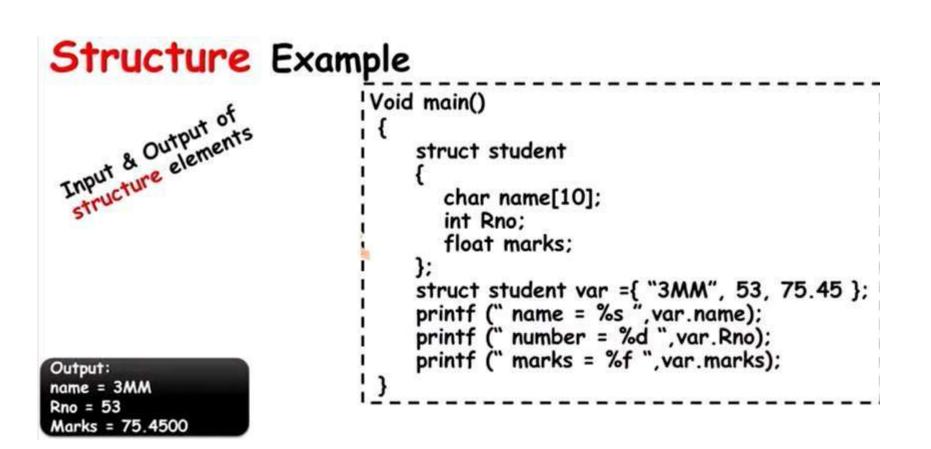
Structure variable













STRUCTURES



1)	Declaring Structure variables separately	2) Declaring Structure va
	struct Student [char name[25]; int age;	<pre>struct Student { char name[25];</pre>
	char branch[10]; //F for female and M for male char gender;	int age; char branch[10]; //F for female and M for
	; struct Student S1, S2; //declaring variables of struct Student	char gender; }S1, S2;

2) Declaring Structure variables with structure definition

male

Here **S1** and **S2** are variables of structure **Student**. However this approach is not much recommended.

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STRUCTURES

{

int main()

struct Student s1;



For example:

#include<stdio.h> #include<string.h>

struct Student

ł

```
char name[25];
int age;
char branch[10];
//F for female and M for male
char gender;
```

OUTPUT:

Age of Student 1: 18

};

age is a member of Student s1.age = 18; using string function to add name strcpy(s1.name, "Viraaj"); displaying the stored values printf("Name of Student 1: %s\n", s1.name); printf("Age of Student 1: %d\n", s1.age); Name of Student 1: Viraaj return 0; }

s1 is a variable of Student type and

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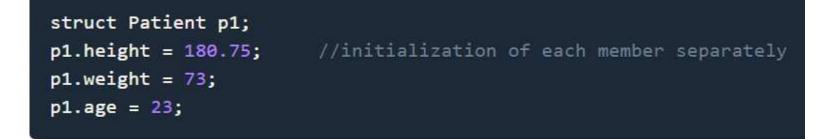


Structure Initialization

Like a variable of any other datatype, structure variable can also be initialized at compile time.

{					
float height					
int weight;					
int age;					
};					
struct Patient p	1 = { 180	.75 , 7	3, 23	};	//initialization

or



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Structures 23. PC\$T101-PCgrBrBmDg Bor Problem SolAiBg/Devi G /CSE/SNSCT





Array of Structure

We can also declare an array of **structure** variables. in which each element of the <u>array</u> will represent a **structure** variable. **Example : struct employee emp[5]**;

The below program defines an array emp of size 5. Each element of the array emp is of type Employee.



{

#include<stdio.h>

struct Employee

STRUCTURES

void main()

ask();

{

}

```
char ename[10];
    int sal;
};
struct Employee emp[5];
int i, j;
void ask()
    for(i = 0; i < 3; i++)</pre>
    {
        printf("\nEnter %dst Employee record:\n", i+1);
        printf("\nEmployee name:\t");
        scanf("%s", emp[i].ename);
        printf("\nEnter Salary:\t");
        scanf("%d", &emp[i].sal);
    }
    printf("\nDisplaying Employee record:\n");
    for(i = 0; i < 3; i++)</pre>
    ſ
        printf("\nEmployee name is %s", emp[i].ename);
        printf("\nSlary is %d", emp[i].sal);
    }
```

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