Reg.No:				
1.05.1 101				



SNS College of Technology, Coimbatore-35. (An Autonomous Institution) Internal Assessment -II Academic Year 2023-2024 (Even) Fourth Semester (Common to Agri, Auto, Food Technology, Mech)



Maximum Marks: 50

19MAT202 – STATISTICS AND NUMERICAL METHODS (REGULATION 2019)

Time: 1.30 Hours

1.

2.

3.

PART – A (5 x 2 = 10 MARKS)
ANSWER ALL QUESTIONSCOBloomsState the three basic principles of design of experiments?CO2(Rem)Compare Randomized block design and Latin square design.CO2(Rem)Show that the Newton's Raphson formula for finding \sqrt{a} isCO3(Und)

$$x_{n+1} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{x_n^2 + a}{x_n} \right)$$
, where a is positive.

4. Mention the sufficient condition for convergence of Gauss Seidal CO3 (Und) method.

By applying Gauss Jordan method, find the inverse of the matrix CO3 (App)

5. $\begin{pmatrix} 5 & -2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$

PART -B (13+13+14 = 40 MARKS) ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

6. a) A textile company appoints four sales man A,B,C and D and CO2 (Ana) observes their sales in three seasons' summer, winter and monsoon. (13) The figures (in lakhs) are given in the following table.

	Sales man				
Season	А	В	С	D	
Summer	36	36	21	35	
Winter	28	29	31	32	
Monsoon	26	28	29	29	

i) Do the salesman significantly differ in performance?

ii) Is there significant difference between the seasons?

(**OR**)

b) A variable trial was conducted on wheat with 4 varities in Latin CO2 (Ana)
Square design. The plan of the experiment and per plot yield are given below:

C25	B23	A20	D20
A19	D19	C21	B18
B19	A14	D17	C20
D17	C20	B21	A15

- 7. (App) Raphson method.
 - ii) Using Gauss Jordan method, Solve the following system equations: CO3 (App) 10x + y + z = 12 2x + 10 y + z = 13x + y + 5z = 7(7)

(**OR**)

- b)i) Find the negative root of $x^3 \sin x + 1 = 0$ using Newton's Raphson (App) method correct to four decimal places.
 - ii) Using Gauss Jordan method, find the inverse of $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$. CO3 (App) (7)

Analyze the variance in the following Latin square of yields (in kgs)

8. a) of paddy where A, B, C, D denote the different methods of CO2 (Ana) (14)

D122	A121	C123	B122
B124	C123	A122	D125
A120	B119	D120	C121
C122	D123	B121	A122

Examine whether the different methods of cultivation have given significantly different yields.

(**OR**)

b) Solve the system of equations by using Gauss Jacobi method and CO3 (App) Gauss- Seidel method correct to 4 decimal places: (14) x -7y + z = 102x + y -8 z = -156x -3y + z = 11

Rem/Und: Remember/ Understand	App: Apply	Ana: Analyze	Eva: Evaluate
	Cre: Create		