

Numerical Differentiation:

Forward Difference formula.

$$f'(x_0) = \frac{1}{h} \left[\Delta y_0 - \frac{1}{2} \Delta^2 y_0 + \frac{1}{3} \Delta^3 y_0 - \frac{1}{4} \Delta^4 y_0 + \dots \right]$$

$$f''(x_0) = \frac{1}{h^2} \left[\Delta^2 y_0 - \Delta^3 y_0 + \frac{11}{12} \Delta^4 y_0 - \dots \right]$$

Backward Difference formula

$$f'(x_0) = \frac{1}{h} \left[\nabla y_0 + \frac{1}{2} \nabla^2 y_0 + \frac{1}{3} \nabla^3 y_0 + \frac{1}{4} \nabla^4 y_0 + \dots \right]$$

$$f''(x_0) = \frac{1}{h^2} \left[\nabla^2 y_0 + \nabla^3 y_0 + \frac{11}{12} \nabla^4 y_0 + \dots \right]$$

Problem 1: $\cos x - A$

Find the first, second derivatives of the function tabulated below at the point $x=1.5$ and $x=4.0$

x	1.5	2.0	2.5	3.0	3.5	4.0
$f(x)$	3.375	7.0	13.625	24.0	38.875	59.0

Solution:

To find at $x=1.5 \rightarrow$ forward formula.

at $x=4.0 \rightarrow$ backward formula.

Given: $x_0 = 1.5$

$$h = 2.0 - 1.5 = 0.5$$

Newton's forward & backward formula to find derivatives. (4) formulae.

The difference table.

x	$y = f(x)$	Δy	$\Delta^2 y$	$\Delta^3 y$	$\Delta^4 y$
1.5 (x ₀)	3.375 (y ₀)	3.625 (Δy ₀)	3.0 (Δ ² y ₀)	0.75 (Δ ³ y ₀)	0 (Δ ⁴ y ₀)
2.0	7.0	6.625	3.75	0.75	0
2.5	13.625	10.375	4.50	0.75	0
3.0	24.0	14.875	5.25 (∇ ² y ₀)	0.75 (∇ ³ y ₀)	0 (∇ ⁴ y ₀)
3.5	38.875	20.125 (∇y ₀)			
4.0 (x ₁)	59.0 (y ₁)				

forward

$$f'(x_0) = \frac{1}{h} \left[\Delta y_0 - \frac{1}{2} \Delta^2 y_0 + \frac{1}{3} \Delta^3 y_0 - \frac{1}{4} \Delta^4 y_0 + \dots \right]$$

$$f'(1.5) = \frac{1}{0.5} \left[3.625 - \frac{1}{2}(0.75) + \frac{1}{3}(0.75) + 0 \right]$$

$$f'(1.5) = 4.75$$

$$f''(x_0) = \frac{1}{h^2} \left[\Delta^2 y_0 - \Delta^3 y_0 + \frac{11}{12} \Delta^4 y_0 - \dots \right]$$

$$f''(1.5) = \frac{1}{(0.5)^2} [3.0 - 0.75 + 0]$$

$$f''(1.5) = 9.0$$

Backward

$$f'(x_1) = \frac{1}{h} \left[\nabla y_0 + \frac{1}{2} \Delta^2 y_0 + \frac{1}{3} \nabla^3 y_0 + \dots \right]$$

$$f'(4.0) = \frac{1}{0.5} \left[20.125 + \frac{1}{2}(1.25) + \frac{1}{3}(0.75) \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{0.5} [20.125 + 2.625 + 0.25]$$

$$f'(4.0) = 46$$

$$f''(x_0) = \frac{1}{h^2} \left[\Delta^2 y_0 + \Delta^3 y_0 + \frac{11}{12} \Delta^4 y_0 + \dots \right]$$

$$f''(A) = \frac{1}{(0.5)^2} [5.25 + 0.75 + 0]$$

$$f''(A) = \frac{1}{0.25} [6.00]$$

$$f''(A) = 24$$

2) From the following table, obtain the value of $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$ at the point $x = 0.96$ and $x = 1.04$.

Using appropriate formula.

Soln:

Table:

x	y	Δy	$\Delta^2 y$	$\Delta^3 y$	$\Delta^4 y$
0.96	0.7825	-0.0086	-0.0002	0.0002	-0.0004
0.98	0.7739	-0.0088	0	-0.0002	0.0002
1.00	0.7651	-0.0088	-0.0002	0.0002	-0.0004
1.02	0.7563	-0.0090	-0.0002	0.0002	-0.0004
1.04	0.7473	-0.0090	-0.0002	0.0002	-0.0004

forward: $x_0 = 0.96$ $h = 0.98 - 0.96 = 0.02$

$$f'(0.96) = \frac{1}{0.02} \left[-0.0086 - \frac{1}{2}(-0.0002) + \frac{1}{3}(0.0002) - \frac{1}{4}(-0.0004) \right]$$

$$f''(0.96) = \frac{1}{(0.02)^2} \left[-0.0002 - 0.0002 + \frac{1}{2} (-0.0004) \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{0.0004} \left[-0.0002 - 0.0002 - 0.0002 \right]$$

$$f''(0.96) = -1.91666$$

Backward: $x_0 = 1.04$ $h = 0.02$.

H.W:

1) find $f'(0.01)$ and f' and $f''(0.06)$

x	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.06
$y=f(x)$	0.1023	0.1047	0.1071	0.1096	0.1122	0.1148

2) find f' and $f''(1.0)$ and f' and $f''(1.6)$

x	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6
$y=f(x)$	7.989	8.403	8.781	9.129	9.451	9.750	10.03