



SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY



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COIMBATORE-641 035, TAMIL NADU

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

Course Code & Name : **23ECB203 LINEAR INTEGRATED CIRCUITS**

Course Faculty : **Ms.V.Aishwarya-AP/ECE**

Question Bank

Unit – II : APPLICATIONS OF OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

Part A - 2 Mark Questions

| S.No | Question | Bloom's Level | Industry Reference/Gate QP | CO |
|------|--|----------------|----------------------------|-----|
| 1 | Define inverting amplifier. | BL1 – Remember | Analog Devices | CO2 |
| 2 | Define non-inverting amplifier. | BL1 – Remember | Texas Instruments | CO2 |
| 3 | What is voltage follower? | BL1 – Remember | Buffer Amplifiers | CO2 |
| 4 | Write the gain expression for an inverting amplifier. | BL1 – Remember | GATE EC | CO2 |
| 5 | Write the gain expression for a non-inverting amplifier. | BL1 – Remember | GATE EC | CO2 |
| 6 | What is a summing amplifier? | BL1 – Remember | Signal Processing | CO2 |
| 7 | Define differential amplifier. | BL1 – Remember | Instrumentation Systems | CO2 |
| 8 | What is an integrator? | BL1 – Remember | Control Systems | CO2 |
| 9 | What is a differentiator? | BL1 – Remember | Analog Signal Processing | CO2 |
| 10 | Define instrumentation amplifier. | BL1 – Remember | Medical Electronics | CO2 |
| 11 | What is a comparator? | BL1 – Remember | Industrial Automation | CO2 |
| 12 | Define Schmitt trigger. | BL1 – Remember | Pulse Shaping Circuits | CO2 |
| 13 | What is a precision rectifier? | BL1 – Remember | Power Electronics | CO2 |
| 14 | What is a peak detector? | BL1 – Remember | Measurement Systems | CO2 |
| 15 | Define logarithmic amplifier. | BL1 – Remember | Communication Systems | CO2 |
| 16 | What is an antilogarithmic amplifier? | BL1 – Remember | Signal Processing | CO2 |
| 17 | Define V–I converter. | BL1 – Remember | Industrial Sensors | CO2 |
| 18 | Define I–V converter. | BL1 – Remember | Data Acquisition | CO2 |
| 19 | What is a clipper circuit? | BL1 – Remember | Wave Shaping | CO2 |
| 20 | What is a clamper circuit? | BL1 – Remember | Analog Circuits | CO2 |

Part B Questions

| S.No | Question | Bloom's Level | Industry Reference/Gate | Course Outcome |
|------|--|------------------|---------------------------|----------------|
| 1 | Explain the working of inverting and non-inverting amplifiers with gain expressions. | BL2 – Understand | Analog Devices | CO2 |
| 2 | Explain voltage follower and its applications. | BL2 – Understand | Buffer Amplifiers | CO2 |
| 3 | Explain summing and subtractor amplifiers with neat diagrams. | BL2 – Understand | Signal Processing | CO2 |
| 4 | Describe the working of integrator and differentiator circuits. | BL2 – Understand | Control Systems | CO2 |
| 5 | Explain the working of an instrumentation amplifier. | BL2 – Understand | Medical Electronics | CO2 |
| 6 | Explain the working of logarithmic and antilogarithmic amplifiers. | BL2 – Understand | Communication Systems | CO2 |
| 7 | Explain comparator and Schmitt trigger with waveforms. | BL2 – Understand | Industrial Automation | CO2 |
| 8 | Explain the operation of precision rectifier and peak detector circuits. | BL2 – Understand | Power Electronics | CO2 |
| 9 | Explain V–I and I–V converters with applications. | BL2 – Understand | Sensor Interface Circuits | CO2 |
| 10 | Explain clipper and clamper circuits using op-amps. | BL2 – Understand | Wave Shaping Circuits | CO2 |
| 11 | Analyze the frequency response of integrator and differentiator circuits. | BL4 – Analyze | GATE EC | CO2 |
| 12 | Compare integrator and differentiator circuits. | BL4 – Analyze | Analog Signal Processing | CO2 |
| 13 | Explain low-pass, high-pass and band-pass Butterworth filters. | BL2 – Understand | Signal Conditioning | CO2 |
| 14 | Design an op-amp based summing amplifier for industrial applications. | BL3 – Apply | Industrial Automation | CO2 |
| 15 | Explain the applications of op-amp circuits in signal conditioning systems. | BL2 – Understand | Industrial Electronics | CO2 |
| 16 | Derive the gain expression for an inverting amplifier. | BL3 – Apply | GATE EC | CO2 |
| 17 | Design a non-inverting amplifier with gain of 11. | BL3 – Apply | GATE EC | CO2 |
| 18 | Analyze the output of an ideal integrator for a square wave input. | BL4 – Analyze | GATE EC | CO2 |
| 19 | Explain hysteresis in Schmitt trigger circuits. | BL2 – Understand | GATE EC | CO2 |
| 20 | Design a summing amplifier for three input signals. | BL3 – Apply | GATE EC | CO2 |
| 21 | Derive the gain expression for an inverting amplifier. | BL3 – Apply | GATE EC | CO2 |