



# SNS College of Technology

(An Autonomous Institutions)



Department of Computer Science and Engineering

23CSB201-Object Oriented Programming

**Topic: Method Overloading & Overriding**

Mrs.G.Swathi  
Assistant Professor

# Method overloading



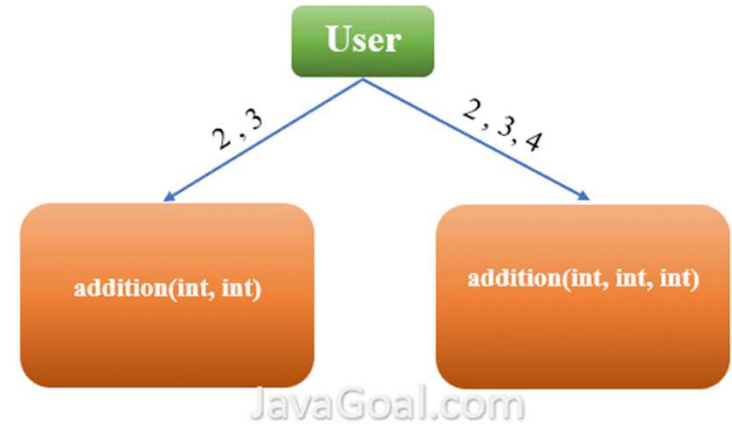
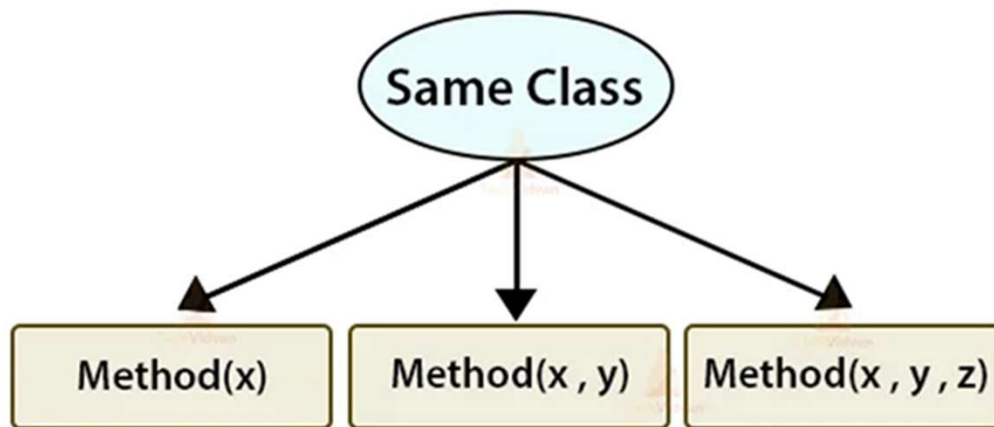
- **Method overloading** is a concept where **multiple methods have the same name but different parameter lists** (number, type, or order of parameters) within the **same class**.

# Characteristic



- Occurs in the same class
- Method name is the same
- Parameters must be different
- Return type alone cannot differentiate methods
- Also called Compile-time polymorphism

# Method Overloading



# Overloading Sample Program



```
class Calculator {  
  
    int add(int a, int b) {  
        return a + b;  
    }  
  
    double add(double a, double b) {  
        return a + b;  
    }  
  
    int add(int a, int b, int c) {  
        return a + b + c;  
    }  
}
```

# Method Overriding



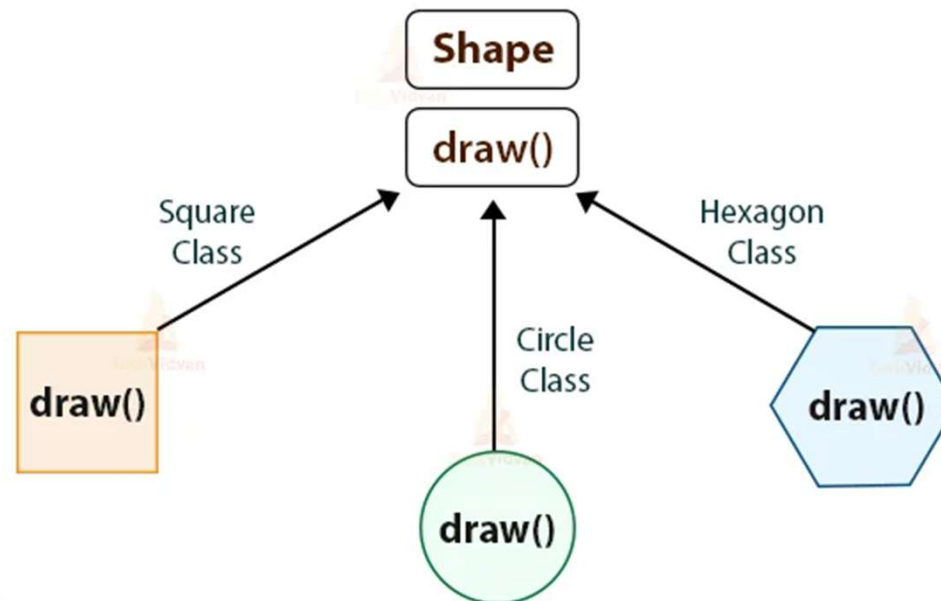
- Method overriding occurs when a sub class provides a specific implementation of a method that is already defined in its super class.

# Characteristic



- Occurs in **different classes** (inheritance required)
- Method name and parameters must be **same**
- Return type should be **same or covariant**
- Achieved at **runtime**
- Also called **Runtime polymorphism**

# Method Overriding



# Example Diagram



```
class Animal {  
    void sound() {  
        System.out.println("Animal makes a sound");  
    }  
}
```

```
class Dog extends Animal {  
    @Override  
    void sound() {  
        System.out.println("Dog barks");  
    }  
}
```

```
public class Main {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        Animal a = new Dog();  
        a.sound(); // Dog barks  
    }  
}
```

